The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal---Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art, Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

At $2 00 per annum, in advance—Or $2 50, if not paid within the year.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements $1 00 per square for 3 weeks; 25 cents per square for each continuance.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXT."—Washington.

VOL. LIV. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1854. NO. 52.

Choice Poetry.

THE INDIAN SUMMER.

Strange season, evanescent
As childhood's sunny thoughts—
How sad and yet how pleasant
Are the feelings thou hast brought;
The sky is bright above us,
The air is bland as June,
And the brook to joy would move us
By its little happy tune.

But we miss the merry singing
Of the birds among the trees,
And the flowers that late were flinging
Their odors on the breeze,
And the cattle that were feeding
Upon the mountain side,
And the flocks their young ones leading
Where the rivulets do glide.

Now, we only hear the rustle
Of the dry leaves as we tread,
Or the timid squirrel startle
From the branches overhead,
Or the sportsman's gun resounding
Among the naked hills,
Or his greyhound's fleet foot bounding
Across the rocks and rills.

We feel the sun of summer,
But its verdure do not see,
While there comes a whispered murmur
From every leafless tree,
Which checks the voice of gladness
That else might ring again,
And brings a drowsy sadness
To fasten on the brain.

Yes, 'tis the Indian Summer,
For treacherous are its beams;
And as fading as the glimmer
Of happiness in dreams.
The very mists of morning,
Though heralding fair days,
Are shadowy forms of warning,
Which vanish while we gaze

The Summer's ghost keeps beckoning
Our willing feet to roam,
While we forget the reckoning
Of Winter days to come;
And yet, so sadly pleasant
Is all we feel or see
That in the dreamy present
Forever would we be.

LOVE, YOUNG LOVE.

In youth's sweet hours, when scarce a care
Enshrouds with grief our happy hearts,
And from the eye no sorrowing tear,
To gloom the feelings, ever starts:
Then "Love, young Love" "with rosy bands,"
Enwraps our souls in peace and joy,
And as that love in warmth expands,
We deem those hours without alloy

In manhood's prime, when cares have pressed
With heavy hands upon the heart,
When she so fondly once caressed,
Now dead, no more can joy impart,
We think of other, happier hours,
When bound with love's encircling chain,
And sigh, and wish, as sorrow lowers,
For happier days to come again.

And when old age, with hoary frost,
Its cares diffuses o'er the brow,
And when each loved one, dead and lost,
Awakes each kindly feeling now,
We dream of Love, young happy Love,
Which once o'erjoyed us with its thrills
And know, as feelings kindly move,
"These hours redeem Life's years of ill"

Miscellaneous.

Impure Language.

There are some habits which we can never entirely annihilate, after we have once formed them. The use of impure language is one of those habits. It may be subdued and slumber for years, till its existence is almost forgotten, and then, in the delirium of fever, it may suddenly burst forth, to the astonishment of all who listen.—Many a devoted Christian, in the delirium of a sick-bed, has shocked his friends by the use of profane or obscene language, which could be explained only by the fact that he had been familiar with such language in early life. In reading the memoir of Dr. Grant, the missionary to the Nestorians, I was struck with a fact relating to his last illness. For seventeen days previous to his death, he was in a delirium; "but," says his biographer, "though speaking almost constantly, on many topics, in three different languages—that is English, Turkish and Syriac,—he did not utter a single word he would have been ashamed of afterwards. His associates listened to his disclosures of his secret heart, and nothing appeared they would have wished to conceal

Human Life.

Ah! this beautiful world. Indeed, I know not what to think of it. Sometimes it is all gladness and sunshine, and heaven is not far off; and then it changes suddenly, and it is dark and sorrowful, and the clouds shut out the sky. In the lives of the saddest of us, there are bright days like this, when we feel as if we could take this great world in our arms. Then come the gloomy hours, when the fire will neither burn in our hearts or on our hearths, and all without and within is dismal, cold, and dark.—Believe, every heart has its secret sorrows, which the world knows not; and oftentimes we call a man cold when he is only sad.—*Longfellow.*

☞There is a sweetness and a sacredness in the tears of parents, when they fall on the face of their dying babe: no eye can see this with the heart untouched. Fond parents have borne and nursed this sweet and tender babe, and he will still remain in their hearts. They miss the little loved one, and "they go to the grave to weep there," but are comforted with knowing that he is removed from pain, to a better world; that he will have peace in death, and dwell with that blessed one who has said "Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not." Then "mourn not ye stricken ones, a bright inheritance is his."

This lovely bud so young and fair,
Called hence by early doom,
Just come to show how sweet a flower
In Paradise could bloom.

☞Be not afraid to work with your hands, and diligently, too. "A cat in gloves catches no mice."

GETTING FITS IN A CLOTHING STORE.

Lewistown Falls, Maine, is a place, it is. You can't exactly find it on the map, for it has been located and incorporated since Mitchell's latest; but it is there—a manufacturing city, as large as life, with banks, barber shops, newspapers and all the usual fixtures and appertenances of a locomotive, going ahead, Yankee settlement.

Just about the newest thing in the new city is a cheap clothing store that "riz up" or "rained down" lately, on the Jonah's gourd or Aladin's palace principle, and which, by the same mysterious dispensation, became endowed with the cutest Yankee salesman that the Dirigo State ever turned out. T'other day, an up river young 'un who is about to leave father and mother and cleave unto Nancy Ann, came down to get his suit, and was of course "jest naterally bound" to find his way into the new clothing store. Not that he sauntered in with the easy swagger of the town bred searcher after cheap clothing, for the vernal tint was tolerably fresh on him yet, and he stopped to give a moderate rap at the door. He had effected an entrance into the grist mill and at the Journal office, where he had been doing business, in the same unobtrusive manner, and the boys all agreed that Mr. Nehemiah Newbegin was from "the Gulley," and was paying his virgin visit to "Pekin."

Nehemiah was let in "imegitly," and he was delighted with the cordial reception he met with

The proprietors were ready to "forward his suit" at once, if he "saw fit," or they would "take measures" and "furnish them to order." Nehemiah drew a handbill from the top of his hat, and spread it on his knee for easy reference. It was headed in the fat gothic letters:

"Winter Clothing at Cost,"

and set forth that, in consequence of the mildness of the season, over five thousand dollars worth of ready-made clothing was to be closed up and sold at an

"Enormous Sacrifice!"

A list of prices followed, and Nehemiah running his stumpy finger down the column, hit with emphasis on a particular item.

"Say!—have ye got enny of these blew cotes left, at five dollars 'nd five 'nd a 'af 'nd six dollars—got enny on 'em left?"

"Smith, are there any of those cheap coats left?" inquired the "perlite" Mark of his partner. "We sold the last this morning, did we not?"

Smith understood the cheap clothing business, and answered promptly, "All gone, sir."

"Jest as I 'spected," murmured the disappointed candidate, "darnation seize it all! I told dad they'd be all gone!"

"We have a very superior article for ten dollars"—

"Scacely, Squire, scacely!—ten dollars is an all-fired price for a cote!"

"We can make you one to order."

"Y-e-s! but I want it now—want it rite strut off—fact is, Squire, I must hev 'en"

"You will find those cheap at ten dollars."

"Dun know baout it! say, y've got enny of these dewrable doeskin trowsers left, at tew dollars; sold them all tew, I 'spect, haint ye?—haint none of them left neither, hev ye?"

Luckily there was a few left, and Nehemiah was advised to secure a pair at once. Nehemiah was open for a trade, but acting up the instincts of the Newbegins, it must be a dicker.

"Dew you ever tek projeuce for your clothing?"

"Take what?"

"Projeuce—garden sass and sich—don't dew it, dew yo?"

"Well, occasionally we do, what have you to sell?"

"Oh, almost anythin; a leetle of everything, from marrow-fat peas down to rye straw; got some new cider, some high top sweetings; got some of the all killin'est dried punkin you ever set your eyes on; 'spect, neow you'd like some of that dried punkin."

Mark declined negotiating for the dried punkin, but inquired if he had any good butter.

"Good butter! now Squire, I 'spect I've got some of the nicest and yallarest you ever set your eyes on; got some here now, got some in a sheoger box, out in dad's waggin; brought it down for Kurnal Waldron; but you kin hev it; I'll bring it right strut in here, darned if I don't!" And with all the impetuosity of youth, Nehemiah shot forth to "dad's waggin," and brought in the butter.

On the strength of the butter, a dicker was speedily contracted, by which Nehemiah was to be put in immediate and absolute possession of a coat vest, and pantaloons of good material and fit.

"Now then," said Mark, "what kind of a coat will you have."

"I reckon I'll have a blew 'un Squire."

"Yes, but what kind—a dress coat?"

"Certainly, Squire, certainly, just what I want a coat for, tew dress in."

"Ah, exactly; well, just look at those plates," pointing to the fashion plates in the window, "and see what style you fancy."

"Oh, darn your plates, don't want any crockery; 'spect Nance has got the all-killin'est lot of arthen ware you ever set your eyes on!"

"Yes I see, well just keep this way, then, and I think I can accommodate you.

Nehemiah speedily selected a nice, blue coat, and vest of green, but he was more fastidious in his choice of pants, those crowning glories of his new suit. He seemed to have a weakness for long pantaloons, and complained that his last pair troubled him exceedingly or as he expressed it 'blamedly, by hitch up over his boots, and wrinkling about the knees. Nehemiah delved away impetuously amidst a stack of two or three hundred pairs, and finally his eyes rested upon a pair of lengthy ones, real blazers, and with wide yellow stripes running each way. Nehemiah snaked them out in a twinkling. He liked them—they were long and yellow—they were just the thing, and he proceeded at once to try them on. The new clothing store had a nook curtained off for this purpose, and Nehemiah was speedily closited therein.

The pants had straps, and the straps were buttoned. Now Nehemiah had seen straps before, but the art of managing them was a mystery, and like St. Patrick's dilemma, "required a mighty dale of nice consideration." On deliberation he decided that the boots must go on first; he accordingly drew on his Bluchers, mounted a chair, elevated the pants at proper angle, and endeavored to coax the legs into them—He had a time of it. His boots were none of the smallest, and the pants were none of the widest; the chair, too, was rickety, and bothered him, but bending his energies to the task, he succeeded in inducting one leg into the "pesky things." He was straddled like the Collossus of Rhodes and just in the act of raising the other foot, whispering and giggling, in his immediate vicinity, made him alive to the appalling fact that nothing but a thin curtain of chintz separated him from twenty or thirty of the prettiest and wickedest girls that was ever caged in one shop! Nehemiah was a bashful youth, and would have made a circumbendibus of a mile, any day, rather than meet those girls, even had he been in full dress; as it was his mouth was ajar at at the bare possibility of making his appearance among them in his present dishabille. What if there was a hole in the curtain! what if I should fall! It would not bear a thinking of, and plunging his foot into the vacant leg, with a sort of frantic looseness, he brought on the very catastrophe he was so anxious to avoid.—The chair collapsed with a sudden scrouch, pitching Nehemiah head over heels through the curtain, and he made his grand entrance among the sticking divinities on all fours, like a fettered rhinoceros.

Perhaps Collier himself never exhibited a more striking tableaux vivantes than was now displayed. Nehemiah was a "model," every inch of him, and though not exactly "revolving on a pedestal." He was going through that movement quite as effectual on his back, kicking, plunging, in short personifying in thirty seconds all the attitudes ever "cusseled!" As for the gals, they screamed of course, jumping upon the chairs and the cutting board, threw their hands over their faces, peeped through their fingers, screamed again, and declared "they should die, they knew they should."

"Oh, Lord!" blubbered the distressed young 'un, "don't holler gals, don't! I didn't go tew, I swan to man I didn't; it's all owin' to these cussed trowsers, every mite on't, ask yer boss, he'll tell you how 'twas. Oh Lordy, won't nobody cover me up with old clothes, or turn the wood box over me? Oh Moses in the bullrushes! what'll Nancy say?"

He managed to raise himself on his feet, and made a bold splurge towards the door, but his "entangling alliances" tripped him again, and he fell "kerslap" upon the hot goose of the pressman! This was the unkindest cut of all. The goose had been heated expressly for thick cloth seams, and and the way it sizzled in the seat of the new pants was affecting to the wearer.—Nehemiah riz up in an instant, and seizing the source of all his troubles by the slack, he tore himself free from all save the straps and some pantalet fragments that hung about his ankles, as he dashed through the door of the emporium at a two-forty pace. Nehemiah seemed to yearn with the poet, for "a lodge in some vast wilderness," and betrayed a settled purpose to "flee from the busy haunts of men!" from the last seen of him he was caspering up the railroad—cutting like a scared rabbit—the rays of the declining sun flickering and dancing upon the broad expanse of shirt-tail, that fluttered gaily in the breeze as he headed for the nearest woods.—*Yankee Blade*

☞There is room for the exercise of Woman's Rights in a direction which is certainly overlooked. We mean in perfecting the art of cookery. Our American cookery is much of it wretched. Women learn how to cook one or two kinds of meats, make a loaf of bread, a pie and six sorts of cake and preserves, and think the science of cookery exhausted. If any improvement is mentioned, the probability is that it refers to some new kinds of cake. Why cannot we have more good common dishes, say of soups, meats, and especially of vegetables? Will the Rights women indulge their genius in that direction?

☞Is it lawful to keep a dog which barks, howls and yells alternately, all night long? And, if lawful, is it humane, is it Christian, is it neighborly? We don't mind a perpetual bark, at the rate of a hundred and twenty reports per minute, up to say three o'clock in the morning, but after that time it very disagreeably disturbs the melodious hum of the musquitoes, and is apt slightly to interfere with one's rest. They say that every dog must have his day; but those in our neighborhood seem determined to have the night also.

Fast Boy.—"Timothy, my son, what are you doing there, with your feet dangling in the water?"

"Trying to catch a cold, ma, so that I can have some of them cough lozengers you gave me yesterday."

Well Done, Girl!

The Tribune tells the following story:

One Sunday evening not many nights ago, the Rev. Mr. Thompson performed a marriage ceremony at the tabernacle—both parties said Yes at the proper time, and the reverend gentleman said Amen.

'I want you to perform the same thing for me,' said a well dressed, youngish man to Mr. Thompson.

'When?'

'Now—right off—to-night.'

'Can't you put it off a little? It will make it rather late'

'No—the lady says now or never, and I am very anxious. Will you go?'

'Yes; where is it?'

'Close by—only a few steps west of the Park. We are all ready, and will not detain you but a few moments on your way home.'

Mr. T went to the place, which was a respectable boarding house, and everything evinced decorum. The lady, young and pretty, neatly dressed, and altogether a desirable partner for a gentleman—was presented, and a short prayer, as usual upon such occasions, offered, and their hands joined.

'You, with a full sense of the obligations you assume, do promise, here in the presence of God and these witnesses, that you will take this woman, whose hand you clasp in yours, to be your lawful, wedded wife, and as such you will love and cherish her forever.'

'I do.'

'And you, Miss, on your part, will you take this man to be your lawful, wedded husband?'

'No!'

We have heard in times past, when showers were fashionable, some pretty heavy claps of thunder, but none that ever rattled about the tympanum of that bridegroom that was quite so loud as that stunning little monosyllable.

'No, I never will!' said she most emphatically, and walked away proudly to her seat leaving her almost-husband looking and probably feeling just the least trifle in the world foolish.

Mr. Thompson remonstrated—not to induce her to change that No for Yes, but for trifling with him in a solemn duty of his calling, and asked for an explanation.

"I meant no disrespect to you, sir, or to trifle with your duty, or the solemn obligation you were called upon to ratify; but I had no other way to vindicate my character. I came to the city a poor sewing girl. I worked for this man. He made proposals of marriage to me, but from other circumstances, I doubted his sincerity, and left his employment and went back to the country for a while. When I returned I found the door of my former boarding-house closed against me, and this lady whom I have esteemed as a kind friend, cold and quite indisposed to renew my acquaintance, and I insisted upon knowing the reason.—I learned that this man had blackened my character, denied his proposals of marriage, and said I was—no matter what. I said to the lady, "let me come back and I will prove my innocence. Will you believe what I say, if he will marry me."

"Yes; I certainly will, and so will all who know you."

'I renewed the acquaintance—he renewed his proposals—I accepted, and said, 'Yes, the minister at once.' He slandered me—I deceived him. I proved my words true, and his false. It was the only way a poor, helpless girl could avenge herself upon a man who had proved himself unworthy to be her husband. It was only, at the right time, to say one word—one little word. I have said it. I hope it will be a lesson to men, an example to other girls, and that in many other different circumstances they will learn to say No.'

'If I was angry for a single moment,' said Mr. Thompson, 'I carried none of it over the threshhold. It was a severe lesson, but well applied. I went home pondering upon the value of the word—No.'

The Teacher Stumped.—It happened in a school room one day, while a class of boys and girls were reciting a lesson in arithmetic. It was about their first lesson.

"Five from five leaves how many?" asked the teacher, of a little girl of some six years of age.

After a moment's reflection, she answered—"five."

"How do you make that out?" said the teacher.

Holding her two hands out towards him, she said, "here are five fingers on my right hand, and five fingers on my other. Now, if I take the fingers on my left hand away from the fingers on my right hand, won't five remain?"

The teacher was "stumped" and obliged to "knock under."

☞"Did you go to Dr. —, to have him cure you of lisping?" said a gentleman in Louisville to a little boy who had been "tongue-tied," or something of the sort.—

"Yeth, thir," answered the lad.

"What did he do to you?"

"He cut a little thing there wath under my tongue."

"Did he cure you?"

"Yeth thir."

"Why, you are lisping now!"

"Am I thir? Well, I don't perthieve that I lithp, *exthept when I go to thay thickpeath!* Then I alwath notithe it."

A Lawyer's Stratagem.—A lawyer in Bangor, Me., wishing, for some particular reason, to get an adjournment of the court, went among the jurors, and reported that ten cases of cholera had occurred that morning. The court was obliged to adjourn for want of a panel.

Cheap Pleasures.

Did you ever study the cheapness of pleasure? Do you know how little it takes to make a man happy? Such trifles as a penny, or a smile, do the work. There are two or three boys passing along—give them each a chestnut, and how smiling they look—they will not be cross for some time. A poor widow lives in a neighborhood who is the mother of a half a dozen children—send them a half a peck of sweet apples, and they all will be happy. A child has lost his arrow—a word to him and he mourns sadly; help him to find it, or make him another, and how quickly will the sunshine play upon his sober face. A boy has as much as he can do to pile up a load of wood—assist him a few moments, or speak a pleasant word to him, and he forgets his toil, and works away without minding it. Your apprentice has broken a mug, or cut the vest too large, or slightly injured a piece of work; say "you scoundrel," and he feels miserable—remark "I am sorry," and he will try to do better. You employ a man—pay him cheerfully, and speak a pleasant word to him, and he leaves our house with a contented heart, to light up his own hearth with smiles and gladness. As you pass along the street, you meet a familiar face—say "Good morning," as though you felt happy, and it will work admirably in the heart of your neighbor.

Pleasure is cheap—who will not bestow it liberally? If there are smiles, sunshine and flowers all about, let us not grasp them with a miser's fist, and lock them up in our hearts. No. Rather let us take them and scatter them about us—in the cot of the widow, among the groups of children in the crowded mart, where men of business congregate, in our families and every where We can make the wretched happy—the discontented, cheerful—the afflicted, resigned—at exceedingly cheap rates. Who will refuse to do it?

☞"Why is it, my son, that when you let your bread and butter drop, it is always the butter side down?"

"I don't know. It hadn't oughter, had it? The strongest side ought to be uppermost, hadn't it ma? and this here is the strongest butter I ever seed in all my life."

"Hush up; it's some of our aunt's churning!"

"Did she churn it? Why, the great lazy thing!"

"What, your aunt?"

"No; this yere rank butter! To make that poor woman churn; its strong and rank enough to churn itself."

"Be still, Ziba! it only wants workin' over."

"Well marm, if I was you, when I did it, I'd put in whole lots and gobs of 'lasses."

"You good for nothing! I've ate a great deal worse in the most aristocratic New York boarding house?"

"Well, all great people of rank ought to eat it!"

"Why people of rank?"

"Cause it's rank butter."

"You varmint, you! What makes you talk so smart?"

"The butter's taking the skin off my tongue, mother!"

"Ziba don't lie! I can't throw away the butter. It don't signify."

"I tell you what I'd do with it marm. I'd keep it to draw blisters. You ought to see the flies keel over and die, as soon as they touch it!

"Ziba, don't exaggerate; but here's twenty-five cents, go to the store and buy a pound of fresh."—[Exit Ziba.

Anecdote.—Recently on a Sunday, during the high mass at twelve, in the village of Clontarff, Ireland, three ladies of Protestant faith were obliged to take shelter from a heavy shower. The officiating priest, knowing who they were, and wishing to appear respectful to them, stooped down to his attendant, who was on his knees, and whispered to him, "three chairs for the Protestant ladies." The clerk, who was rather an ignorant man, stood up and shouted to the congregation, "Three cheers for the Protestant ladies!" which the congregation immediately took up, and gave three hearty cheers, while the clergyman stood dumb-founded.

Definitions—A gentleman the other day visiting a school had a book put into his hand for the purpose of examining a class. The word 'inheritance' occurring, the question asked.

'What is inheritance?'

Answer—'Patrimony.'

'What is Patrimony?'

Answer—'Something left by a father.'

'What would you call it if left by a mother?'

Answer—'Matrimony.'

☞What meal is pleasanter than a Sabbath morning breakfast at home, in the bosom of your family? The bright sunshine streams through your curtain windows, the far off sound of holy bell is wafted up on the breeze, and before and around you are the smiles of those you love. The cares of the world are temporarily forgotten, and a brighter and holier feeling draws upon your heart. You experience in the full sense of the word that the Sabbath is a day of rest and prayer, and the holy influence of the time and hour make you a better and a happier man.

☞A lady who was noted for her placid temper being asked how she contrived to maintain such equanimity, said pleasantly that she did not wish to have her face furrowed by unseemly wrinkles. Think of this ladies. Every time you scold your husbands you add a wrinkle to your features.

A Precocious African.—An esteemed friend of ours once had a good-for-nothing little black fellow, some twelve or fourteen years old, as a waiter boy, and after enduring his pranks and mischief for some year or so, was at length obliged to send him adrift to look after himself in the world. Not a great while after parting with little Cuffy, his former master, having occasion to go to Albany, met him on board the steamboat, where he was employed in the capacity of steward's assistant, and addressing him, he said: "Well Tom, are you as bad as ever?" "Oh, no," answered the young rascal, with a grin that brought into bold relief every one of his white grinders; "I'se got no bad examples now, sir."

Wouldn't Accept any Apology.—A droll story is related of an honest farmer, who, attempting to drive home a bull, got suddenly hoisted over the fence. Recovering himself, he saw the animal on the other side of the rails sawing the air with his head and neck and pawing the ground. The good old man looked steadily at him for a moment, and then shaking his fist at him, exclaimed—"Darn your apologies,—you needn't stand there, you 'tarnal critter, a bowin' and scrapin'—you did it a purpose, darn your curly picture."

Hard Headed.—A Southerner gave a dinner party to a few friends, who happening to converse about Sambo's powers of head endurance, the gentleman said he owned a negro whom no one in the party could knock down or injure by striking on the head. A strong, burly fellow laughed at the idea, and as Sam, the colored fellow was about entering with the candles, the gentleman stood behind the door, and as he entered, Sam's head received a powerful sockdologer. The candles flickered a little but Sam passed quietly on, merely exclaiming: "Gentleman be careful of de elbows; or de lights will be distinguished."

Tobacco Chewing in Public.—The private mastication of tobacco, in one's own home, parlor, bed-room or kitchen, as the case may be, is an affair to be settled between one's wife and one's self. We do not intend to interfere with the police regulations of the home—they are in abler hands than ours. If indulgent wives choose to have their door-steps and balcony floor discolored, their carpets ruined, and their parlors and bed-rooms irrevocably defiled with tobacco juice—if they relish the contact with their own mouths, of lips that have been all day saturated with yellow saliva—if they like the smell of tobacco-scented breaths, coming from beneath dirty and disgusting teeth—we have nothing to say. But we have a right to protest, and we do protest against the outrageous public nuisance of tobacco chewing. No man has a right to go to a theatre, or any other public gathering, and seating himself in the midst of cleanly Christians, squirt out at random, streams of tobacco juice around him. To do this in those parts of the house were only men are placed, is in the last degree rude and thoughtless; but to carry the revolting practice into the presence of ladies—into the dress circle of the theatre, the concert room, the church pew—and it is habitually done in all these places—is little short of blackgaurdism.

Wonders of Chemistry—The horse-shoe nails dropped in the streets during the daily traffic re-appear in the shape of swords and guns. The clippings of the travelling tinker are mixed with the parings of the horses's hoofs from the smithery, or the cast-off woolen garments of the poorest inhabitants of a sister isle, and soon afterward, in the form of dyes of brightest blue, grace the dress of courtly dames. The main ingredient of the ink with which we write was possibly once part of the broken hoop of an old beer barrel. The bones of dead animals yield the chief constituent of lucifer matches. The dregs of port wine, carefully rejected by the port wine drinker, in decanting his favorite beverage, are taken by him in the morning, in the form of seidlitz powders, to remove the effects of his debauch. The offal of the streets and the washing of coal gas, re-appear, carefully preserved in the lady's smelling bottle, or are used by her to flavor *blanc mange* for her friends.

Using the Wheelbarrow.—The Japanese have a most confused idea of carts, carriages, and other vehicular arrangements. A gentleman lent one a wheelbarrow the other day, to carry home his baggage. He did it in the following manner: he lashed his trunk to the handles, the handles to the wheel, and then shouldered the whole superstructure. The last we saw of him, he was going up Water street, wondering what the deuce people could find about him to laugh at.—Queer folks are these Orientals.

☞Don't always look for mere beauty in a woman. Those who think a girl is perfection just because she has cherry lips, hazel eyes, and a shower of curls, know no more about female calico than a broiled lobster does of moral philosophy and the ten commandments.

A Nut for Entomologists.—Bees in a torpid state have been found inside of a hard rock, where they have reposed for ages.—When turned out of their prison, they have soon exhibited life and flown away. What philosopher can explain this?

Difference between "Now" and "Then"—A woman said in the police court the other day that, before marriage, her husband pretended to be much struck by her, but now she was every day struck by him.

An Eccentric Will.—Mr. Railing, of New Hampshire, England, was among the victims of the last railroad accident between Brighton and London. His heirs, after having paid him the customary funeral honors, did what all heirs do in similar cases, opened the will of the deceased, to ascertain what share each was to have in his posthumous liberalities. As he had never given a penny to either of his relatives, during his lifetime, they expected to be the richer, now that he was no more. One may imagine the surprise caused by the first line of the will.

"This is my testament. I give and bequeath all my goods, present or future, movable or immovable, in England or on the continent, to that railroad company on whose road I have had the happiness to meet with death, that blessed deliverance from my terrestrial prison."

Further on, the testator gives his reason for his bequest. The idea had taken firm possession of his mind that he was destined to die a violent death, and the most desirable one in his view was that caused by the explosion of a locomotive. He travelled, therefore, constantly on the railroads in England, Belgium and France. There was not a station where he was not known.—All the conductors were familiar with his peculiar custom. He had narrowly escaped death several times. Once he was shut up in a car under water, another time he was in the next car to the one that was shattered, and he described with the greatest enthusiasm those terrible accidents, when he saw death so near, without being able to obtain it. Disappointed in Europe he went to the United States. He made frequent excursions on the Ohio, the Mississippi, the Ontario, and the Niagara, but, notwithstanding their frequent explosions, he returned with a whole skin. He was destined to be crushed under a car of the mother country. It is said that the relatives will attempt to break the will on the ground of insanity, but it is probable that the railroad will win the suit in spite of the proverb that the murderer never inherits from his victim.

Emigration of Mormonites.—A large number of persons in South Wales have left, and others are still preparing to follow, for the Mormonite settlements in North America. These persons are principally from the counties of Carmathen and Glamorgan, and many have given up a comfortable home and subsistence in order to seek their paradise on the banks of the Salt Lake. A very large exodus of these deluded people has taken place from South Wales, and the movement appears to be on the increase. The emigrants are principally small farmers, mechanics, iron-workers, colliers, &c., with here and there persons of a better class. They make their way to Liverpool, Bristol, or Plymouth, and thence start for New Orleans, where they ascend the river to their new settlement.

Divorce in California.—It is the easiest thing in the world to get a divorce in California, and people upon all pretences avail themselves of this fatal facility. Recently, Mrs. Lindley, the wife of David Lindley, who had been ten years his wife and borne him seven children, all of whom were deceased, came to California to join him, where he was at work as an honest carpenter, and had sent for her, but upon arrival, for some unaccountable reason, she coolly told him that she had not come to live with him, but merely to take advantage of the law, and apply for a divorce. The result was a choking that Mr. Lindley gave his spouse, and a prosecution of that honest carpenter for an assault, which the Recorder dismissed.

Mammoth Vegetables.—One of the California papers dwells rapturously upon an "enormous sweet potato" recently shown to the editor. It measures longitudinally two feet three inches, latitudinally seventeen inches, and weighs five pounds. Another brags of a cantelope melon that weighs 21½ pounds, while still another tries to excite people by mentioning a watermelon that weighs 52½ pounds, and talks magnificently of "Oregon apples" at $1 50 apiece.

A Hard Lot.—Captain D. Pratt, wife and son, were rescued from his ship, the Pimogosta, which foundered at sea a few weeks ago, and had been carried into Liverpool, whence they took passage in the Arctic, and are probably all lost.

Caution to Ladies making Preserves.—An esteemed lady of our acquaintance was suddenly taken ill yesterday. She had been engaged in preserving tomatoes in a copper or bell-metal kettle, and partook of a small quantity of fruit. In a short time she became distressingly dizzy and alarmingly ill. The verdigris from the metal doubtless caused the attack. An active emetic was given the sufferer, and the white of eggs administered, which happily effected speedy relief. Much caution should be observed by persons using metal vessels of this kind.—*Charlestown Paper.*

Plant Trees.—This is the season for planting fruit and ornamental trees; and who that has the ground would be without either? What so profitable to the pocket as a tree laden with *good fruit*, or what so beautiful to the eye, or so grateful to the sweltering brow in mid-summer as the silver-tinged and wide-spreading branches of the maple, or some other *tree of ornament* and shade? Nothing. *See to it*, then, and plant them.

Epithalamium.—The Boston Post is responsible for the following: On the Marriage of Thomas Hawk, of Mansfield, to Miss Sarah J. Dove. By our Jim:

It isn't often that you see
So queer a kind of Love,
Oh, what a savage he must be
A Tomy Hawk & Dove!

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of JOHN GARVIN, deceased, will expose to sale by public outcry, upon the premises, on *Saturday the 28th day of October, inst.*, the following described Real Estate, late of said deceased, to wit:

No. 1. A Lot of Ground,

situate in the borough of Gettysburg, between West Middle-street and the Millerstown road, adjoining lands of Conrad Baker, Esq., on the north, and containing FOUR ACRES, more or less.——ALSO, NO. 2.

A Lot of Woodland,

situate in Mountjoy township, about ½ mile from M'Allister's mill, adjoining lands of James M'Allister and others, and containing FIVE ACRES, more or less.

☞The sale of the Lot No. 1 will commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., and of No. 2 at 1 o'clock, P. M. of said day, when attendance will be given, and terms made known by

R. G. M'CREARY, *Adm'r.*

By the Court—EDEN NORRIS, Clerk.

Oct. 2. ts

HEAR THE RETURNS!

WE are pleased to announce to our many friends and customers that we are prepared to offer the CHOICEST ASSORTMENT OF GOODS ever opened in the County. We have been enabled to purchase our Fall Stock at such prices as have never before been heard of, and we challenge the County to produce a larger and more general assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

or at as low a price as we offer them to the public. For quality and cheapness, we assert that our present stock cannot be equalled in the County, and to prove our assertion we invite the people to come and judge for themselves—confident that their verdict will sustain us in our efforts to furnish them with the

Cheapest and best Goods.

Coburgs of all colors, French Merinos, (cheaper than ever known) Debage Alpacca, Mous Delaine, Cashmere, Alpacca, Mohair Lustre, Brocade, cheapest Black Silks ever offered, Ginghams, Chambra Shawls, square and long Bay State, Broche, Cashmere: Dress Trimmings, Needle Work, Swiss and Jaconett, Edgeing and Insertion, Flouncing, French Worked Collars, Bonnet Ribbons.

FOR GENTLEMEN—We have a choice assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS,

Over Coating, Cassinets, &c. Come early and select your goods—look before you buy elsewhere - Don't forget the Store at the Sign of the Red Front.

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

Oct. 16. tf

Look to Your Interest!

THE undersigned has just returned from Philadelphia with a large and fashionable stock of Goods, which he will dispose of at very reduced prices to all who may favor him with a call. His assortment consists of the following:

Shawls,	Flannels,
Plaid Silks,	Muslins,
F. Merinoes,	Linen,
M. Delaines,	Blankets,
Wool Plaids,	Quilts,
Debeges,	Cloths,
Cashmeres,	Cassinets,
Persian Cloths,	Satinets,
Calicoes,	Collars,
Ginghams,	Handkerchiefs,
Ribbons,	Veils, &c.

Also, a lot of Groceries and Queensware, which were bought low and will be sold low for Cash or country produce. To punctual customers a credit of six months.

J. S. GRAMMER.

Oct. 16. tf

NEW GOODS.

GEO. ARNOLD

HAS just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore as large a stock of *NEW GOODS* as has ever been brought to this place, among which are

Cheap Cloths, Cassimers, Coatings.

Cassinets, Flannels, Blankets, Cords, Jeans, Ready Made Clothing, Domestics, and every variety of Goods for Mens' wear, also Debage, Alpaca Debege, M. Delaines, Alpacas, Plain and Plaid Poplins, Worsted Plaids, Persian Parametta and Coburg Cloth, English and French Merinoes, Ginghams, Calicoes, Silks, Satins, Lace, Fringe, Bonnet Silks, Satins, Modes & Velvets, Trimmings, a great variety, &c., &c. The Ladies' attention particularly is invited. Also a large stock of FRESH GROCERIES.

Queensware, Hardware, &c.

Being determined not to be undersold, we pledge ourselves to sell any and every article as cheap as they can be had at any establishment in this place.

Oct. 9. tf

Let the Facts be Known!

THAT ABR'M ARNOLD has just returned from the Eastern Cities, with the largest and best selected stock of Goods for Men and Boys' wear ever before offered, which he is now making up, at the *Old Stand*, where he invites all who wish to purchase CLOTHING made of GOOD MATERIAL, and by good workmen, to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is determined to undersell any Clothing Store or Slop Shop in the Town or County.

Having secured the services of one of the best CUTTERS in the country, he is prepared to make up Clothing at the shortest notice and in the best style. His motto is, "Quick Sales and Small Profits." Oct. 2.

OPENING OF FASHIONS.

KELLER KURTZ

Has opened his Fall styles for Gentlemen's

HATS & CAPS,

also,

Men's, Boys', Youth's, Ladies', Misses' & Childs' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Ties, and Slippers.

Sept. 5.

Boots, Shoes, & Hats.

THE undersigned has enlarged his Store room, and has added to his [illegible] business, BOOTS, SHOES, & HATS, [illegible] first-rate fine Moleskin, Kossuth, Hungarian, Lady Franklin, Sl[illegible] Brim, soft and [illegible] Caps, (latest style) Brush, Wool, Palm [illegible] Calf and Kip Boots, Bo[illegible] and Brogans [illegible] Morocco, Boots and Calf [illegible] Shoes, all of which he has bought [illegible] and will sell very cheap. [illegible] his friends and customers [illegible] stock before purchasing. MARCUS SAMSON.

May 2. tf

Clothing! Clothing!

I have now on hand, and am [illegible] of SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING [illegible] Collars, [illegible] standishers, at [illegible] of work.

April 3. ABR'M ARNOLD.

TRUNKS.—A [illegible] for sale very cheap, at SAMSON'S.

MONEY LOST!

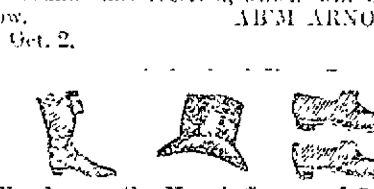
IT is an established fact, that many persons lost money, by not purchasing Goods at the well known CHEAP STORE of Abram Arnold, at his old stand, on the South East corner of the Diamond, where he is now receiving the cheapest, prettiest and best selected Stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

ever before offered to the citizens of Adams county, consisting in part—as follows:

Black, Blue, and Brown French Cloths, Fancy, Felt, and Beaver Cloths for Over Coats, (Newest Styles,) Black and Fancy Cassimers, Tweeds, Jeans, Casinetts, &c., &c., for Men's ware, Silks, Mous de Laine, Alpacas, Merinoes, Plain and Fancy Sack Flannels, also a beautiful assortment of Satins and Silks for Bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons, and a great variety of other articles, all of which the public are respectfully requested to call and examine for themselves believing that it is only necessary to see our goods, price them, and examine, to induce persons to purchase. A large lot of Trunks also received, which will be sold low. ABR'M ARNOLD.

Oct. 2. tf



Fixed up in the New! Come and See us!

Read all this, and say whether it is not right.

NEW STYLE OF BUSINESS ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE, "QUICK SALES, AND SHORT PROFITS."

THE subscriber has just returned from the City with a very large and fine assortment of

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes,

of every description and fashion, which he will sell on good terms, for Cash or its equivalent.

I have done a heavy Credit business for nearly twenty years, and the consequence has been a heavy loss on sales. I now intend to devote my whole time to my Store, and keep a large assortment of HATS and SHOES, and sell them as cheap as any body else can, for Cash or its equivalent, payment in a short time, and for Country Produce punctually delivered when wanted—and entirely destroy the old habit of long credit. By this plan I can keep up my Stock, and sell Goods on better terms. Come and see the Goods and judge for yourselves.

Gentlemen's and Ladies' Gaiters, Buskins, Jenny Linds, Oxford Ties, &c., and Children's Shoes, always on hand.

Boots and Shoes made to order whenever required.

Philadelphia make of Silk Hats, Citizens', Cuban, Know Nothing, Wide Awake, Kossuth, and old men's Fur and Wool Hats, together with men's, boys' and children's Hats and Caps, of all kinds and sizes.

W. W. PAXTON.

Gettysburg, Oct. 9. tf

NEW GOODS.

MARCUS SAMSON

HAS opened and is now selling rapidly at his Store in York Street, opposite the Bank, a very large, choice and cheap assortment of SUMMER GOODS to which he invites the attention of the public. They have been selected with great care in the Eastern cities, have been bought cheap for cash, and will be sold cheap for cash—*cheaper than any other establishment in Gettysburg.* His stock consists in part of Black, Blue, Olive, and Green CLOTH COATS, with frock, dress, and sack Coats; also Tweed, Cashmeret, Italian Cloth, Linen Lustre, Check, Gingham, Sea Grass, Duck and Summer Cloth Coats; also a superior [illegible] PANTALOONS, consisting in part of excellent and well made French Black Doeskin, Cassimere, Fancy Cassimere, Satinetts, Velvets, Cord, Linen and Cottonade. The stock of VESTS comprises every variety of manufacture—fine black Satin, Silk, Velvet, Italian Silk, white fancy and buff Marseilles, Summer Cloth, &c.

Fly Nets! Fly Nets!

of a good quality, excellent manufacture, and offered at low prices. I have already disposed of a large number of these articles and always to the satisfaction of purchasers. Also on hand a large lot of TRUNKS, Hats, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Boots and Shoes, Window Shades, Violins, Accordeons, Guitars, Flutes, Fifes, Melodeons, Mirrors, Razors, Spectacles, Spoons, Watches and Watch Guards, silk and cotton Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Suspenders, Gloves, Stockings, Spring Stocks, Shirts, and Shirt Collars, and a splendid assortment of JEWELRY—in fact everything in the way of Boy's and Men's furnishing line.

☞First-rate chewing Tobacco always on hand—a rare article which chewers are requested to try. MARCUS SAMSON.

July 3. tf

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of David Ziegler, Gettysburg, in which they are opening a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel,

GROCERIES,

CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS,

Springs, Axles, Saddlery,

CEDAR WARE, SHOE FINDINGS,

Paints, Oils, & Dye-Stuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business, to which they invite the attention of Coachmakers, Saddlers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet makers, Shoemakers, and the public generally. Our stock having been selected with great care, and [illegible] for Cash, we guarantee [illegible] to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased anywhere.

☞We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices, and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, June 9. tf

Fresh Burning Fluid.

OF a very superior quality, just received, to which I would invite the [illegible] who desire a brilliant light, cheap [illegible] that obtained from the [illegible].

A complete and [illegible] assortment of FLUID LAMPS. [illegible] FAHNESTOCKS.

Sign of the Red Front.

[illegible] 15. tf

PLAY HOLIDAY

ILLUSTRATED WORKS.

[illegible] Annuals [illegible],

New and Attractive Juveniles.

FANCY GOODS,

in great variety, [illegible] at

Dec. 11. KELLER KURTZ.

HAIR BRUSHES, a superior article, to be had very cheap at SCHICK'S

PARASOLS.—A [illegible] at SCHICK'S.

NEW ARRIVAL, AND GREAT GATHERING!

ALMOST everybody is attracted to the Store of J. L. SCHICK, in the three-story building, Southwest Corner of the Diamond, to see the large and splendid stock of

NEW GOODS,

he has just brought from the Cities, and he is of course making any number of sales. But "the more the merrier," and the busier he is kept the better he likes it.

His assortment embraces LADIES' DRESS GOODS of every description, such as Silks, Barege de Laines, Challi Barege, Lawns, Drap de Beige, Alpaca de Beige, Alpacas, Bombazines, Silk Down, Linen Lustre, Calicoes, Ginghams, Chambra Ginghams; Swiss, Jaconet and Cambric Muslins, in every variety; Crape and Cashmere Shawls; Laces, Edgings, Gimps, Dress Trimmings and Buttons, &c.

For the Gentlemen he has Cloths, Cassimeres, Cashmeret, Italian Cloth, Drap de Ete, Vestings, (a large and beautiful variety,) Collonades, Linen Checks, Grey Linen (something new and first rate,) Handkerchiefs Cravats, Suspenders, &c.

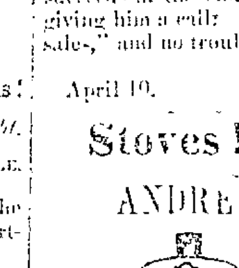
He endeavors at all times to sell cheaper than any other Store in town; and that he succeeds in the endeavor will be proven by giving him a call. "Small profits and quick sales," and no trouble to show goods.

J. L. SCHICK.

April 10. tf

Stoves! Stoves!

ANDREW POLLEY



WISHES to inform the Public that he has the handsomest and largest lot of PARLOR and COOKING STOVES that has ever been in this market, and will sell Cooking Stoves as low as $20 a piece. Also on hand a large lot of COPPER KETTLES.

Sept. 26. tf

Colored Window Glass.

W. MOWBRAY & CO.,

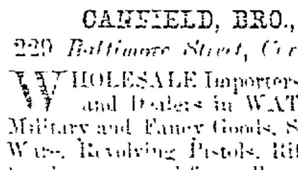
Southwest Corner of Tenth & Hunter streets.

WOULD respectfully invite the attention of Merchants, Builders and others to the beautiful variety of work produced at their establishment, consisting of STAINED WINDOW GLASS, suitable for Hotels, Saloons, public and private buildings; Church Ornamental Stained Glass; TRANSOMS & SIDE LIGHTS for Vestibules, Balcony, Piazza and Staircase Windows; also, Lead Sash and Stained Glass for Churches, Scriptural Figures and Altar pieces, accurately worked up to order, and furnished in any part of the U. States.

Flocked, enameled and matted decorative Church Window Glass executed in Gothic and other architectural styles, and competent workmen sent to any part of the Union. Orders from a distance promptly answered.

N. B. An Agent wanted for Gettysburg.

Philadelphia, July 17. 3m



A. C. CANFIELD. W. B. CANFIELD. J. H. MEREDITH

CANFIELD, BRO., & CO.,

220 *Baltimore Street, Corner of Charles,*

WHOLESALE Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in WATCHES, *Jewelry,* Military and Fancy Goods, Silver and Plated Ware, Revolving Pistols, Rifles, Cutlery, &c. &c., have received from all parts of the world, the largest and greatest variety of rich, rare and curious articles ever imported into this city, many of which are truly elegant. We name a few of the leading articles:—*Watches,* of superior quality, from London, Liverpool, Geneva and Copenhagen; *Gold Chains* and Chatelaines, set with diamonds, pearls, rubies, &c.; Paris and Geneva *Jewelry,* of the newest style—consisting of full suits, and single pieces, of enamelled, pearl, rubies, carbuncle, coral, &c.; superb jewelry from Vienna, entirely new; London and American jewelry in great variety; diamond articles, such as bracelets, earrings, broaches, finger rings, scarf pins, studs, &c., some of which are set in pure California gold, and manufactured on our premises by first class workmen; premium Silver Ware; a choice collection of articles, viz.: Pitchers, cake baskets, tea caddies, napkin rings, salt cellars, coffee and tea sets, tea kettles, card stands, ink stands, vases, sugar boxes, dessert knives, spoons and forks, vegetable, salad, asparagus, ice and sugar tongs, cake, pie, ice cream, pudding, fish and butter knives, goblets, cups, tumblers, money boxes, waiters, cracker spoons, oyster ladles, pickle knives and forks, of sterling silver; Sheffield and Birmingham plated goods; albata spoons, forks, ladles, castors, cake baskets, splendid mantel clocks from Paris, bronzes from Paris and Berlin, Dresden China goods, rich and large size vases, Parian marble goods, new patterns, papier mache goods, fancy goods, viz: opera glasses, port folios, writing desks, work boxes, segar cases, snuff boxes, splendid fans, tortoise shell combs, port monnaies, card cases, gold thimbles, tooth picks, solid silver mounted dressing cases, necklaces, bobbin holders, ladies' companions, and an endless variety of articles, which are now opened, and offered at prices which cannot but give entire satisfaction. All articles from our establishment are guaranteed as represented, or the money returned.

CANFIELD, BRO., & CO.,

Sign of the Golden Eagle, Baltimore.

April 24. 1y

NEW STEAM SAW-MILL.

THE undersigned have in operation at TAILLSBOROUGH, York county, Pa., one of the largest and most complete Saw Mills in the country, and are prepared to cut to order, any size, quantity and quality of

White Pine and Oak Lumber,

and have it delivered at any point on the Baltimore and Susquehanna and Hanover Branch Rail Roads.

They also have on hand an assortment of Worked Lumber.

BOARDS AND PLANK.

Hemlock Joists, Scantling & Fencing.—Also, Ash, from 1 to 4 inches thick; Shingles, Laths, Worked Flooring and Weather-boarding, &c.

All orders addressed to

SAMUEL SMALL & Co. York, Pa.,

will be promptly attended to.

KILLIAN SMALL. WM. H. STAIR.

June 19. 3m

New and Valuable

LAW LIBRARY.

Purdon's Digest, new edition, from 1700 to 1853, in one volume, Price $5 00
Roberts' Digest, " 1 50
Binns' Justice, " 1 00
Graydon's Forms, " 3 50

The Clerk's and Attorney's Magistrates, and Citizens [illegible] will be furnished with the above works at KELLER KURTZ'S Bookstore.

June 29. tf

CALL your Friends and Neighbors, and come yourselves, and see the very large and splendid assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, that has just been received by W. W. PAXTON.

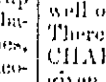
SMALL FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offer at Private Sale, a SMALL FARM, situated in Greenwood township, Franklin county, 1½ mile east of Fayetteville, adjoining lands of Samuel Renfrew's heirs, Joseph Stall and others, containing

72 Acres of prime Pine Land,

about 50 Acres of which are cleared, and the balance is well Timbered. The Improvements



are a new two-story LOG HOUSE, a large BARN, nearly new, and other Out-buildings. There is an excellent well of water near the door of the house.—There is also on the premises a first-rate ORCHARD of choice Fruit. A good title can be given, and the terms will be made to suit the purchaser.

☞If the above Farm is not sold before the 16th of September next, it will on that day be offered at Public Sale.

Persons wishing to view the property can do so by calling on James Brown, residing thereon, or on any of the undersigned.

N. B. HUTCHISON, Greenvillage.
D. H. HUTCHISON, Fayetteville.
J. W. HUTCHISON. "

May 15. tf

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the Counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district, and SAMUEL R. RUSSELL and JOHN M'GINLY, Esqs., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 23d day of August, in the year of our LORD one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on *Monday the 20th of November next*—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said county of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

JOHN SCOTT, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 9, 1854. ts

NOTICE.

Estate of John Arendt, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration de bonis non, cum testamento annexo, on the Estate of JOHN ARENDT, late of Franklin township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, residing in the same township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to call and settle the same; and those who have claims to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

ANTHONY DEARDORFF,
JOHN ARENDT.

Sept. 18. *Administrators.*

NOTICE.

Estate of Barbara Keckler, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of BARBARA KECKLER, late of Franklin township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same Township, he hereby gives notice to persons indebted to said Estate, to call with him and settle the same; and those who have any claims, are desired to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JACOB KECKLER, *Adm'r.*

Sept. 11. 6t

NOTICE.

Estate of Ludwig King, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration, de bonis non, on the estate of LUDWIG KING, late of Germany township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to call and settle the same; and those who have claims, to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

LEVI BISHOP, *Adm'r de bonis non.*

Oct. 2. 6t

NOTICE.

Estate of Joseph Harman, deceased.

LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of JOSEPH HARMAN, late of Strabantownship, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all those indebted to said Estate to call and make payment; and those having claims are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

SAMUEL HARMAN, *Ex'r.*

Oct. 9. 6t

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.—Ladies who are in want of a splendid assortment of Dress Goods, will find it to their advantage by calling on the undersigned, and examining his goods before purchasing. A. ARNOLD.

CARPET BAGS.—You will find a very large assortment of Carpet Bags at SAMSON'S One-price Store. They were bought at Auction, and will be sold cheaper than any other establishment dare to sell them.

GENTLEMEN are invited to call and see a beautiful BEAVER HAT, also Silk, Cuban, Kossuth, Citizens', Braid, and Panama Hats for summer. W. W. PAXTON.

VIOLINS & ACCORDIONS.—Desirous of disposing of my present stock of the above articles, I will sell them very low.

April 18. MARCUS SAMSON.

CHILDREN'S SHOES, the best assortment in town, at K. KURTZ'S.

DRAW NEAR—COME AND SEE!

J. L. SCHICK would inform the Ladies that he now offers the largest and most splendid assortment of BONNETS, Bonnet Silks and Velvets, Ribbons, Flowers, & Hair Braids, ever before opened in this place. Call and see them—no trouble to show Goods.

Oct. 3. tf

LUTHERAN HYMN BOOKS.—A very large assortment of Lutheran Hymn Books, bound in every style of binding, just received at the cheap Book store of

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

WINDOW BLINDS!—A new assortment of Window Blinds, Imitation of Oil Blinds, just arrived at the well known Store of

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

PERFUMERY, of all kinds, will be found at SCHICK'S.

BONNETS, Ribbons, and Flowers, a large and [illegible] assortment, the best ever brought to town at SCHICK'S.

GLOVES and STOCKINGS, all sorts and sizes, at SCHICK'S.

COME on! Come all! To see the cheap Goods just received by

Oct. 2. ABR'M ARNOLD.

NOW IS THE TIME!

S. WEAVER respectfully announces to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he has resumed the Daguerreotype business, at the old stand, in Chambersburg street, where he will be happy to receive visitors desirous of securing perfect Daguerreotypes of themselves or friends.

Being furnished with an entire new and costly apparatus, he is prepared to take pictures in every style of the art and insure perfect satisfaction.

☞Charges from 75 cts to $10.

☞Hours of operating from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

☞In dress avoid light, red, blue, or purple. Dark dress adds much to the beauty of the picture.

Aug. 21. tf

TAILORING.

J. H. SKELLY respectfully informs his old customers and the public generally, that he continues the TAILORING BUSINESS, at his old stand, in South Baltimore street, where he will be happy to accommodate all who may patronize him. All work entrusted to his care warranted to fit and be of most substantial make. Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage.

☞*The New York Spring and Summer FASHIONS* are received. Call and see them.

May 8. tf

WALL PAPER.

Over 10,000 Piece in Store!

FROM 6 Cents per piece and upwards, including fine Satins, Gold, Velvets, imitation of Woods, Marbles, &c.

ALSO, a great variety of new styles of Curtain Papers, Fire Board Prints, Borders, &c., all of which will certainly be sold at the very lowest cash prices. Call and see, at the cheap Bookstore of KELLER KURTZ.

June 6. tf

2,000 LADIES

ARE willing to certify that the HATHAWAY COOKING-STOVE is the very best Stove now in use, inasmuch as it will do more Cooking, Roasting and Baking, and do it with less labor, and last as long again as any other Stove now sold. These celebrated Stoves are constantly kept for sale, at a very reduced price, at the

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY

AND MACHINE SHOP,

where the subscriber, feeling determined to suit all persons, has also the Parlor, Sexton's Baltimore Air-tight, Peakskill, and Cabinet Cook Stove and Air-tight and ten-plate Parlor Stoves of the most beautiful patterns.

The Seyler Ploughs,

which cannot be surpassed for lightness of draught or in the character of their work, are constantly on hand for sale; and in view of the fact that the Mouldboard of these Ploughs is one fourth heavier than that of other Ploughs, it is decidedly the cheapest that can be obtained here.

☞WITHEROW PLOUGHS and others, Castings for the Woodcock Plough, Windmill machinery, Castings and Hollow Ware, with every article usually made at Foundries, can be obtained here.

☞BLACKSMITHING as usual.

T. WARREN.

Dec. 15. tf

FRENCH TRUSSES,

WEIGHING LESS THAN 2½ OUNCES,

For the Cure of Hernia or Rupture.

ACKNOWLEDGED by the highest medical authorities of Philadelphia, incomparably superior to any other in use. Sufferers will be gratified to learn that the occasion now offers to procure not only the lightest and most easy, but as durable a Truss as any other, in lieu of the cumbrous and uncomfortable article usually sold. There is no difficulty attending the fitting, and when the pad is located, it will retain its position without change.

Persons at a distance unable to call on the subscriber, can have the Truss sent to any address, by remitting *Five Dollars* for the single Truss, or *Ten* for the double—with measure round the hips, and stating side affected. It will be exchanged to suit if not fitting, by returning it at once, unsoiled.

For sale only by the Importer,

CALEB H. NEEDLES,

Corner Twelfth & Race sts., Philadelphia.

☞Ladies, requiring the benefit of Mechanical Supports, owing to derangement of the Internal Organs, inducing Falling of the Womb, Vocal, Pulmonary, Dyspeptic, Nervous and Spinal Weakness, are informed that a competent and experienced Lady will be in attendance at the Rooms, (set apart for their exclusive use), No. 114, Twelfth st., 1st door below Race.

June 26. 1y

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

Chestnut Street, between Third and Fourth,

PHILADELPHIA.

OLIVER H. P. PARKER, of Ohio, and JAMES H. LAIRD, of Philadelphia, having leased the above well known and popular house, for a term of years, are now prepared to accommodate guests in a manner equal to any house in the City.

The location of this house is superior to any other, being in an immediate proximity to business; also, to most of the Banks, Public Offices, Post Office and the Exchange, where omnibusses start for all parts of the City.

The house having been put in thorough repair, and new furniture added, with many modern improvements, will add much to the comfort of guests. The tables will at all times be supplied with the best the market affords, and nothing shall be wanting, on our part, to make the "Franklin" truly the Travelers' Home.

PARKER & LAIRD.

Philadelphia, July 17. 2m

To the Public.

THE Subscriber desires to call the attention of the Citizens of Adams County, to his extensive stock of

Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Porte Monnaies, Perfumery, Brushes, Combs, &c.—also, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps,

which for variety and cheapness, he defies all competition in this or any of the neighboring Counties. ☞Call and see, at the South East Corner of Centre Square.

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

SUB-SOIL PLOUGHS,

OF the best quality, always on hand, and for sale, in Gettysburg, at the Foundry of

April 10. T. WARREN.

TIMBER-LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber has still a few more Lots of TIMBER LAND for sale, which will be disposed of reasonably. For information apply to J. D. PAXTON.

Gettysburg, May 15. tf

☞Also for sale, a lot of LOCUST POSTS.

TICKINGS, MUSLINS, &c.—Some more of those cheap Tickings, Muslins, &c., have been received by A. ARNOLD.

Queensware and Groceries.

A. ARNOLD is now receiving a large lot of Queensware and Groceries, which he will sell low. Call and see. Oct. 2.

HYGEANA.

Brought Home to the Door of the Million.

A Wonderful discovery has been recently made by Dr. Curtis, of this city, in the treatment of Consumption, Asthma, and all diseases of the Lungs. We refer to "Dr. Curtis' Hygeana, or Inhaling Hygean Vapor and Cherry Syrup." With this new method Dr. C. has restored many afflicted ones to perfect health; as an evidence of which he has innumerable certificates. Speaking of the treatment, a physician remarks: It is evident that inhaling—constantly breathing an agreeable, healthy vapor, the medicinal properties must come in direct contact with the whole of the arial cavity of the lungs, and thus escape the many and varied changes produced upon them when introduced into the stomach, and subjected to the process of digestion. The Hygeana is for sale at the druggists throughout the country.—*New York Dutchman.*

The Inhaler is worn on the breast under the linen without the least inconvenience—the heat of the body being sufficient to evaporate the fluid.

Hundreds of cases of cures like the following might be named. One Package of Hygeana has cured me of the ASTHMA of six years standing.

Jas. F. Kesberey, P. M. of Duncannon, Pa.

I am cured of the ASTHMA of ten years standing by Dr. Curtis' Hygeana.

Margaret Easton, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mrs. Paul, of No. 5 Mammond St., N. Y. was cured of a severe case of Bronchitis by the Hygeana.

My sister has been cured of a distressing cough of several years standing, and decided to be incurable by her Physicians. She was cured in one month by the Hygeana.

J. H. Gaubert, P. M., Richmond, Me.

Price three Dollars a Package.—Sold by CURTIS & PERKINS & BOYD & PAUL, No. 149 Chambers street, N. Y.—4 Packages sent free by express to any part of the United States for Ten Dollars.

N. B.—Dr. Curtis' Hygeana is the original and only genuine article, all others are base imitations or vile or injurious counterfeits.—Shun them as you would Poison.

New York, Sept. 18. 1y

THE GREAT REMEDY,

ABOUT which so much has been said and published, is among us. Who has not heard of the MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT? Many millions of bottles have been sold and used to cure Rheumatism, Ulcers, Sores, Bruises, Sprains, Ring-worm, Felons, Salt Rheum, Piles, Sore Nipples, and Caked Breasts, Cancers, Itch, Corns on the Toes, Sore Eyes, Ear-ache, Pimples, Swollen Joints or Limbs, Cuts, Scalds, or Scald Head, Numb Palsy, Bunions or Frosted Feet, Warts, or any other complaint that can be reached by an external remedy. And it has always been successful. It is equally good in healing Wounds, Scratches, Saddle or Harness Galls, or any Sprain, Soreness or Stiffness. And it is warranted to cure Spavin, Ringbone, Splint or Poll Evil, on Horses.

The Liniment is put up in three sizes, and retails at 25 cents, 50 cents, and $1. The large bottles contain much more Liniment in proportion to the prices, and are therefore cheapest.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

Every store should be supplied with this valuable LINIMENT, as it pays a good profit and sells rapidly. G. W. WESTBROOK,

(Successor to H. G. Bragg & Co.,) Originator and sole Proprietor.

Principal Offices, 304 Broadway, New York, and corner 3d and Market Streets, St. Louis, Missouri.

Sold by every dealer in drugs and Medicine throughout the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and Bermuda Islands.

☞For sale in Gettysburg, by S. S. Forney; Petersburg, J. Riddlemoser; Heidlersburg, B. W. Riley; Fairfield, J. Brinkerhoff; Abbottstown, D. E. Hollinger; Bendersville, Abel T. Wright; Cashtown, J. Mark.

July 3. 1y

SPLENDID OFFERS,

THE UNITED STATES JOURNAL,

NOW in its fifth volume, and having already reached a circulation of over 80,000—a newspaper of the largest class, containing fifty-six spacious columns, filled with the current news from all parts of the world, a large amount of literary and scientific matter, Bank Note list and Price Current, and as a new and valuable feature, each number will hereafter contain two beautifully engraved portraits of distinguished individuals, is published on the first of each month by J. M. EMERSON & Co., 1, 3, 5, and 7 Spruce street New York, at the unprecedented low price of twenty-five cents a year. A valuable premium book is sent to each person getting up a club, and in addition to the following rich premiums amounting to over

$1,000

will, on the 25th day of May, 1855, be awarded to the twenty-six persons forwarding between now and that time the twenty-six highest numbers of subscribers in their order.

The first premium, in money	$200
The second premium, a sewing machine worth	120
The third premium, a sewing machine worth	100
The fourth premium, a gold watch worth	100
The fifth and sixth each a gold watch worth	50
The next ten, each a silver watch worth	20
The next twenty, each, such books as they shall select, at publishers' prices, worth	10

THE UNITED STATES MAGAZINE,

Containing 32 large quarto pages, tinted covers, on fine paper, profusely and elegantly illustrated, is published on the 15th of each month at the low price of one dollar a year. A splendid premium is sent to each person getting up a club, and in addition

$3,000

is to be awarded to the 259 persons sending the largest number of subscribers. For further particulars see specimen copy of the Magazine, which will be sent on the receipt of six cents, or specimen copy of the Journal, which will be sent gratis to any one ordering it. Address

J. M. EMERSON & Co.,
1, 3, 5, and 7 Spruce street,
Oct. 2. New York.

FASHIONABLE CRAVATS.—*Samson* has just received the largest assortment of beautiful CRAVATS, of the latest style—which he will sell cheaper than any other establishment in town. Dec. 5.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS. —The gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, direct from the Importers, before purchasing, as I cannot be undersold.

April 3. A. ARNOLD.

IRISH LINENS, Muslins, Tickings, Flannels, Linen Table Cloths, Toweling, and Drillings—a large variety—for sale cheap.

April 10. SCHICK'S.

LADIES are invited to call and see the finest article of DRESS SHOE that has ever been in this market.

April 25. W. W. PAXTON.

QUEENSWARE. I have just received a large lot of Queens Ware, which I will sell cheap. Call and see. A. ARNOLD.

For the Ladies.

ALL the latest and most fashionable styles of SHOES, GAITERS and SLIPPERS. ☞Warranted, well made, at

June 6. KELLER KURTZ'S.

Professional Cards.

JAMES G. REED,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE late of Hon. D. M. SMYSER, on Baltimore street, third door from the Diamond.

April 12. tf

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the "Sentinel" Office.

Dec. 23. tf

DAVID WILLS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS taken Mr. STEVENSON'S Office, North West Corner of Centre Square.

Reference.—Hon. T. STEVENS, Lancaster.

Jan. 2. tf

D. M'CONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

(Office removed to one door west of Buehler's Drug & Book-Store, Chambersburg street.)

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR

For Pensions and Patents,

Bounty Land Warrants, Back-Pay Suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given.

Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States; and Agents engaged locating Warrants there.

☞Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 7. tf

Law Partnership.

THE undersigned have associated themselves as Partners in the practice of the Law. Their Office is in the room long occupied by the senior partner, where one or both of the Firm can at all times be consulted.

☞The business of *Conveyancing*, in all its branches, will be attended to with promptness, neatness and accuracy.

MOSES M'CLEAN,
WM. M'CLEAN.

Gettysburg, Mar 1. 3m

W. A. M'GINLEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE in the Southwest Corner of the Square, formerly occupied by D. M'Conaughy, Esq., will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

May 15.

R. HERVEY. J. P. CLARKSON.

HERVEY & CLARKSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.

Office No. 44 Clark street, CHICAGO, Ill.

COMMISSIONERS for the States of Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Michigan, Wisconsin and Florida. Agents for the purchase and sale of Real Estate, and Conveyancers. Titles examined, and Abstracts prepared with care and promptness. Collections made.

Aug. 15. 1y

JOHN F. CLARK,

Agent for Procuring Patents,

Corner of E & 8th streets, near the Patent Office, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Specifications and Drawings prepared. Particular attention paid Rejected Applications.

Nov. 20. tf

DOCTOR

JOHN A. SWOPE,

HAVING located permanently in Gettysburg, offers his professional services to the public.

☞Office and residence in York Street, opposite the Bank.

April 24. 1y

REMOVAL.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

DENTIST.

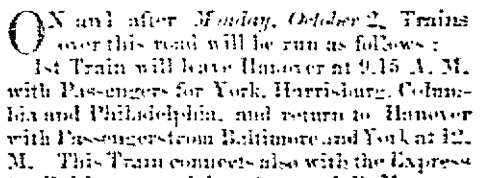
HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran Church, in Chambersburg street, and opposite D. Middlecoff's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed, are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Dr. C. N. Berlucky,	Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D.
" D. Horner,	Prof. M. Jacobs,
" H. S. Huber,	" H. L. Baugher,
" D. Gilbert,	" H. A. Muhlenb'g
Rev. R. Johnston,	" M. L. Stoever.

April 18. tf

Hanover Branch Rail Road.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after *Monday, October 2*, Trains over this road will be run as follows:

1st Train will leave Hanover at 9.15 A. M. with Passengers for York, Harrisburg, Columbia and Philadelphia, and return to Hanover with Passengers from Baltimore and York at 12. M. This Train connects also with the Express for Baltimore, arriving there at 1 P. M., stopping at Glenrock, Parkton and Cockeysville.

2d Train will leave Hanover at 2.15, P. M., with Passengers for Baltimore, arriving there at 6.30; and return immediately with Passengers from York, &c., at 4.30, P. M.

3d Train will leave Hanover at 4.45, P. M. with Passengers for York; and return with Passengers from Baltimore at 6.45 P. M.

The Monday morning extra train will leave for Baltimore 5.30; return at 8. A. M.

EDWARD E. YOUNG, *Agent.*

Hanover, Oct. 9. tf

Baltimore & Susquehanna Rail Road.

CHANGE OF HOURS.—Way Passenger Train leaves Calvert Station at 8.15 A. M.

Arrives at York at	11 A. M.
Accommodation Train leaves Calvert Station at	3.10 P. M.
Arrives at York at	6.27 P. M.
Express Train leaves Calvert Station at	10 P. M.
Arrives at York at	12.43 P. M.

RETURNING.

Way Passenger Train will leave Harrisburg at	1.45 P. M.
Arriving at York at	2.45 P. M.
Express Train leaves Harrisburg at	8.45 A. M.
Arriving at York at	9.45 A. M.
Accommodation train leaves York	4.45 A. M.

A. P. WINCHESTER,
Superintendent of Transportation.

Oct. 9. tf

TO CASH BUYERS.

BAILY & BROTHER,

No. 252 Chestnut Street, above 9th, Philadelphia,

Have now open a large stock of

CARPETS.

EMBRACING the new and leading styles in *Velvet, Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrains & Stair Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c.*, all of which will be sold at the lowest Cash prices.

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Sept. 11. 1y

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

THE BOMBARDMENT COMMENCED.

Death of Marshal St. Arnaud.

SANDY HOOK, Oct. 24—10 o'clock, P. M.—The steamer Washington, from Bremen via Southampton, with Liverpool and London dates to the 11th instant, four days later than the advices per steamer Africa, arrived at this point a few minutes since.

The Washington brings 250 passengers, and reports the London corn market as 1s. dearer.

Among the passengers are Baron Gerolt, the Russian Ambassador to Washington; Baron de Bodisco, bearer of the despatches from St. Petersburg to the Russian legation at Washington; J. H. Porter, Jr., attache of the U. S. Legation at Berlin; J. A Stayner, ex-Postmaster General of Canada, and family, and Capt. Nichols and lady, of the ship North Star, which was sold at London.

No official despatches have been published relative to the battle of Alma. The English lost 2000 men in the engagement in killed and wounded, and the French 1400. The allies had changed their plan of operations and were to attack Sebastopol from the South, where it was found to be weaker. The base of the operations is Balaklava, where the cavalry and the siege artillery have landed.

After the battle of Alma the Russians burnt all the villages they passed through in their retreat. In their flight they left 6,000 wounded behind them.

One thousand Russians, who were escorting a convoy of munitions of war, had been made prisoners, and Prince Menschikoff himself narrowly escaped capture.

The Russians have sunk seven ships of the line at the mouth of the harbor.

The bombardment of Sebastopol began on the 5th.

Marshal St. Arnaud is dead, and Gen. Canrobert is in command of the French army.

The news of the death of St. Arnaud reached Paris and London on Sunday.

Vienna, Tuesday evening.—On the 29th September 130 heavy guns were disembarked at Balaklava.

Bucharest, Oct. 10.—Prince Gortschakoff is ill. There is a great concentration of Turkish troops at Matchin, and Omer Pasha will begin operations against the Russians in Bessarabia immediately.

STILL LATER.

The Cunard steamer Niagara arrived at Halifax on Wednesday with London & Liverpool dates to the 14th inst. The advices by this arrival state that at the last accounts from the seat of war Sebastopol was completely invested by the troops of the Allies on the South and East, while the guns of their fleets and batteries were playing upon the walls of the fortresses. The fleets, however, according to one account, were comparatively useless, and the marines attached to them had been united with the land forces. Prince Menschikoff was keeping the field on the north of the city, daily expecting the arrival of Gen. Ostensacken and Gen. Gortschakoff with reinforcements. They were expected to join him before the 15th. Seven Russian ships of the line had been sunk at the mouth of the harbor of Sebastopol, and the remainder of the Russian fleet was held ready for sinking.

It is supposed that the siege artillery of the Allies was mounted in battery around Sebastopol on the 4th inst. The bombardment commenced on the 5th, and the assault was expected on the 8th. The Allied trenches were within sixteen hundred yards of the walls, and mounted about fifty guns. A private despatch says that two breaches were made in the walls on the 6th, and another says that no bombardment had taken place as late as the 8th. The whole country north of Sebastopol had been evacuated by the Allies.

The Allies had destroyed the aqueduct which supplied the fortress, and had landed 8,000 cavalry on the Crimea.

The inhabitants of Odessa have given a pledge to burn the place rather than to allow it to fall into the hands of the Allies.

The town of Memel was nearly destroyed by fire, involving a loss of £2,000,000.

The Paris "Debats" estimates the Russian force in the Crimea at eighty-five thousand men, and the Allies at ninety thousand, including seamen.

The news of the loss of the American steamer Arctic had caused profound sensation among all classes in England.

The London "Globe" says the conference of American ministers and Ambassadors on the Continent is without precedent, and that it is understood to be acting under the directions of the President of the United States. These Ministers have been assembled, it adds, to exchange information and consult upon a report on the state of affairs on the continent of Europe as regards American trade, which is carried to every part of the world, and the conference has in view the protection and advancement of American interests in any new treaties that may be made in Europe.

At Liverpool there had been a slight decline in the price of cotton and an advance in breadstuffs. The advance in flour during the week was 1s. 6d. per barrel.

Alleged Re-Appearance of the London Plague.—A story has been circulated in this country of the frightful re-appearance of the London plague, which ravaged that city a hundred and fifty years ago, the contagion having been derived from bones disinterred, in carrying a new sewer through Argyle street, by digging to an unusual depth. It is asserted that physicians have pronounced that the disease is not the cholera, but that it is undoubtedly the plague, that it is propagated by contagion, and is even more speedy in its fatal effects than the cholera. The writer of an article without date, which is copied from the Home Journal, says:

"The disease in a week from the time at which it broke out has completely ravaged the streets in Soho and its immediate vicinity; at the present moment Poland street, Argyle street, and others, are closed against all passers. Half the shops in Regent street are shut up—the remainder are rapidly closing. At two o'clock in the day, scarcely a dozen persons may be met in that great thoroughfare. In those streets which the disease is most speedily depopulating, the dead bodies are placed in the open air, immediately that life has departed from them, so great is the fear of contagion. I have seen, in two instances, half a dozen bodies being carried off in [illegible], like bales of goods, for burial! You will readily judge how great a fright this has created. "Every one who is able to do so has fled. London, generally at this time crowded, is now half depopulated."

"The London papers do not contain anything to countenance this story beyond the fact which has been repeatedly stated, that the cholera has prevailed in London to a greater extent than in any year since 1849.

Full Particulars of the Discovery of the Remains of Sir John Franklin and His Party.

MONTREAL, Oct. 21.—The Montreal Herald of this morning has the following:

"In our extra of yesterday evening we informed the public that a rumor was current in town that the remains of Sir John Franklin and his crew and their ships had been discovered.

"We immediately despatched a special messenger to the Hudson Bay Company's House at Lachine, and through the kindness of the Governor, Sir George Simpson, are enabled to lay before our readers the following outline of a despatch received by him yesterday from Dr. Rae:

"Dr. Rae has been absent on the coast since the first of the month of June, 1853, and returned to York Factory on the 28th of August last, whence he forwarded letters by express to Sir Geo. Simpson, via the Red River settlement.

"After briefly noticing the result of his own expedition, and the difficulties with which they had to contend, he proceeds to state that from the Esquimaux he had obtained certain information of the fate of Sir John Franklin's expedition, who had been starved to death after the loss of their ships, which were crushed in the ice, and while making their way south to the Great Fish River of Buck, near the outlet of which a party of whites died, leaving accounts of their sufferings in the mutilated corpses of some, which had evidently furnished food to their unfortunate companions.

"This information, although not derived from the Esquimaux who had communicated with the whites, and who found their remains, but from another band who obtained the details *viva voce*, may yet be relied upon. No doubt is left of the truth of the report, as the natives had in their possession various articles of European manufacture which had been in possession of the whites.

"Among these are several silver spoons, forks, &c., on one of which is engraved: 'Sir John Franklin, K. C. B.,' while the others have crests and initials on them which identify the owner as having belonged to the ill-fated expedition. Drawings of some of these have been sent down. This fearful tragedy must have occurred as long ago as the Spring of 1850."

Death of a Veteran Public Officer.—William Hunter, Esq., died in Washington city on the 22d, in the 87th year of his age. The deceased was a native of New Jersey, but his youth was mainly spent in England; after having been captured by a French man of war, and, with his parents, carried into France. Being left an orphan at an early age in a foreign land, he was placed in a printing-office, where he served the usual period and acquired a knowledge of the printing art. Of his subsequent career, a writer in the National Intelligencer says:

"In 1793 he returned to the United States and established a French and American paper in Philadelphia, and became associated in business with Matthew Carey, with whom his intimacy continued uninterrupted to the dying hour of that useful man. In 1795, Mr. Hunter removed to Washington, Pennsylvania, and established the "Telegraph." In 1797, he married Anne Morrison, of Bedford, Pennsylvania, (who lives to mourn his loss,) and removed to Washington, Kentucky, where he established the "Mirror." Removing subsequently to Frankfort, in the same State, he published the "Palladium," and for ten consecutive years was elected State Printer. Early in General Jackson's administration, Col. Hunter removed to Washington city, and (in 1829) received an appointment in the Fourth Auditor's office, which he retained to the time of his death.

Murder and Suicide.—A shocking affair, by which a man and wife named Smith were sent into eternity, occurred in the village of New Windsor, N. Y., on Saturday night last. The husband had been for some time in a depressed state of mind, and finally wound up his earthly career by murdering his wife, and then taking his own life. The first that was known of the occurrence was on Sunday morning, when some of the neighbors entered the dwelling and found the wife dead in her bed & the lifeless form of her husband lying in a pool of blood on the floor, with his throat cut from ear to ear.

☞ Samuel Dunham, a soldier in the Revolutionary war, died at Mansfield, (Ct.) on the 12th inst., at the age of one hundred years and twenty days. He was the oldest Revolutionary pensioner in the State, and possibly in the United States. Mr. Dunham leaves two brothers, one of whom is ninety-five and the other ninety-seven years of age. Both of them were soldiers of the Revolution, and one of them, to the disgrace of the country, is now the inmate of an almshouse.

☞ Brownlow, of Knoxville, after an article announcing the decline of the cholera there, adds the following:—"Since writing the above we were informed of two cases of sickness in a brick house in the west end of the town. We have been there and inspected them minutely. Add to their imprudent living and eating, the unexampled filth of the house and family—the manure, vermin, and horrible scent of all concerned, and if Providence were not to kill them off, those of us who try to be decent would have grounds to complain of bad treatment. We predict their death by the time our paper goes to press."

Contempt of Court.—The Whig Statesman, published at Butler, Choctaw county, Ala., says that Governor Winston, of Alabama, was fined ten dollars, a few days ago, by a circuit judge in one of the counties of Mississippi, for wearing his hat and puffing a cigar in the court room, during the session of the day.

A Judge in Trouble.—The Cincinnati Gazette says a man named Williams was severely beaten in that city, on Friday night, by Judge Flinn, for whose arrest a warrant has been issued. Nice business for a Judge!

THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, October 30, 1854.

☞ A meeting was to be held at Hanover on Saturday evening last, of all friendly to the establishment of a *Telegraphic line* to that place.

☞ The new Board of County Commissioners organized on Tuesday last, by appointing JOHN MICKLEY, Esq., President, and re-appointing JACOB AUGHINBAUGH Clerk.

☞ The Postmaster General has removed WM. B. WILSON, the Postmaster at Bendersville, in this county, and appointed WM. OVERDEER in his room. As the business of the office has been transacted to the satisfaction of the whole community, by a most competent person, ABEL T. WRIGHT, no other reason can be assigned for the removal, than the fact that Mr. Wilson had been an independent candidate for the Legislature at the late election.

U. S. Senator.

The probability being that a Whig may be elected U. S. Senator by the next Legislature of this State, quite a number of names have been presented to the consideration of those whose duty it will be to make the selection. We are pleased to see amongst them the name of Hon. DANIEL M. SMYSER, formerly of this place. We would add to the well deserved encomiums upon his character and attainments, our humble tribute. We have known him from childhood, and bear full and ample testimony to his liberal, generous, manly character, his chaste and varied scholarship, untiring industry, quick perceptive mind, and acknowledged capability for any station. We feel confident he would take a high rank in that dignified Legislative body, and do honor to his native State.

A Chance for Fine Stock.

Major EGE, of Taneytown, being about to remove from thence, intends selling without reserve, on Tuesday the 7th of November, his fine stock, among which are 12 head of Durham and Devon Cattle, *pure blood*, 30 head of South-Down Sheep, and Hogs of the Chester and Berkshire breed, pure. He intends, also, disposing of his whole stock of Horses and Horned Cattle, farming implements, &c. This is an opportunity for our Farmers to purchase fine stock, which rarely presents itself, and we would call their particular attention to it.

☞ Since our last, several deaths from cholera occurred at Martinsburg; but the Gazette of Wednesday says there have been no new cases for two or three days, and it is hoped the health of the town would be speedily restored.

☞ The press of Maine has spoken out in the most decided language against the outrage committed upon the Rev. Mr. Bapst, the Catholic priest who was mobbed by rowdies at Ellsworth, Maine, and whose death in consequence was reported. He has since recovered from the outrage.—Several Protestant citizens of Bangor, Maine, have presented him with a valuable gold watch, as an evidence of their regret for the disgraceful outrage.

☞ Our former townsman, J. RUFUS EDIE, Esq., has the very handsome majority of 5,195 in the Somerset district, for Congress.

☞ The late elections in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, have placed the seal of condemnation upon Douglass and the Nebraska bill. That bill, and most of those who rushed it through Congress, are defunct. It has been the death of the administration. The lesson will long be remembered. It will show those who are clothed with a "little brief authority," that they may not trample upon the rights and principles of a free people with impunity. Even the South repudiated the authors of the iniquity. Here is another plank kicked out of the democratic platform.

☞ The great National Cattle Show took place at Springfield, Ohio, last week.—There was a large assemblage of distinguished persons present from all parts of the country; and the show of stock was, it is said, "superior to anything which has been, or probably ever will be, seen in America." At the grand banquet on Thursday, there were 12 tables, each from 90 to 100 feet long.

☞ On Thursday morning last, whilst a drove of cattle was crossing the Bridge at Port Deposite, it gave way. The second and third spans from the Harford side were broken to atoms, and the first and fourth so much shattered, that they will fall. About 110 cattle were on the second and third spans when they fell, 18 of which succeeded in getting off, but the rest went down into the river with the wreck of the bridge.—Eighteen of them had their legs broken, and only one was drowned. No lives were lost. The telegraph wires were broken, as the bridge afforded a support for the wires.

☞ Several startling cases of sudden death from cholera, said to be caused by eating oysters, took place in New York on Wednesday last.

Mr. Pollock's Sentiments.

Our Governor elect, Judge POLLOCK, was charged during the canvass with being a "Know Nothing," &c. &c. The charge was denied—but was continually reiterated. We are now happy to give his own words on the subject, as delivered by him at his residence at Milton, to a large number who had gone to congratulate him. He made an eloquent impromptu speech on the occasion—and among other sentiments he advanced, was the following:—"He had been charged," he said, "with being proscriptive in his religious opinions. So far from being so, he acknowledged no right in one man to dictate to another what should be his belief or mode of worship.—Holding religion as a sacred thing, and claiming the privilege of worshipping God according to the dictates of his own conscience, he granted the same right to every living being. Believing the Constitution of our country sufficient to guard and protect the rights and privileges of all, he desired that all might receive the benefits of its wise provisions as a common blessing."

☞ The recent election in Ohio exhibits one of the most remarkable instances of change in popular sentiment ever witnessed. Only two years ago it gave President Pierce a plurality of 61,843—and its Congressional delegation consisted of 13 Democrats and only eight Whigs. Now, there is not a single Administration man in the Delegation, and the State has pronounced against the policy of President Pierce by a majority of 80,000.

Encouragement for the Desponding.—The Detroit Free Press represents the prospects of the Democracy in Michigan as very encouraging. So were the prospects in Ohio, Indiana, and Pennsylvania less than a month since. Time often brings sad realities to spoil the "pleasures of hope," and dissipate the bright fancies of the imagination. Our charitable nature would almost induce us to wish our Democratic friends an oasis in the desert, by way of offset to the dark sterilities which have lately afflicted their vision.

☞ The Columbia Spy says that a man from *Adams County* was driving along the street in Columbia on Wednesday last, when his horses became frightened at a locomotive, ran off, and threw him from his wagon and dragged him some distance, lacerating his leg considerably. The knee cap was entirely severed from his leg, and the flesh much torn and mangled. Who was he?

☞ Dr. Beale, the Dentist, of Philadelphia, indicted for an outrage on Miss Mudge, whilst the latter was under the influence of ether, was found guilty on Friday last. He has not yet received his sentence.

☞ In the Legislative Assembly of Lower Canada, on Thursday, a stringent bill prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors, was passed on second reading by a vote of 95 to 5.

☞ The "oyster panic" is shutting up all the shops and saloons at New York, of whose business that article is the staple. There are great losses in consequence.

☞ The steamers George Law and Star of the West arrived at New York on Friday, with nearly two millions of gold from California.

They bring accounts of dreadful murders of overland emigrants by the Indians. The details are horrible.

☞ There were upwards of 12,000 bushels of potatoes afloat in Boston harbor a few days from Nova Scotia. They are a drug in that market at 65 cents a bushel. Bring them along this way.

☞ Howard College, at Marion, Alabama, was destroyed by fire on the 16th inst., and 22 boys were greatly injured by jumping from the windows. Two are reported to be dead.

Sad Affair.—Wm. West, an aged and esteemed citizen of Jefferson county, Va., shot his son-in-law, Jefferson Smith, dead, on Friday week. Smith, it is said, was intemperate, and treated his wife cruelly. She came to the house of her father, and was followed by Smith, with a gun, and having threatened to shoot West, attempted to break into the kitchen. Thereupon West fired, and Smith fell dead. Mr. W. surrendered himself, and was held for trial.

Death of an Aged Divine.—Rev. Samuel K. Jennings, M. D., aged 81 years, died at the residence of his son-in-law, Dr. Owings, in Baltimore, on Thursday. He was one of the founders of the Methodist Protestant Church, in Baltimore, and for many years held one of the Professorships of Washington Medical College.

New Treaty with the Chippewas.—The Sault St. Marie Journal gives the particulars of a new and important treaty made with the Chippewa Indians. By this treaty an extensive tract of country, at the north-west extremity of Lake Superior, of about 7,000,000 acres, is acquired. The land is particularly valuable for its mineral stores, being thought to be rich in copper.

Carrier Pigeons and Foreign News.—The first telegraphic accounts of the foreign news by the steamship Africa, on Friday, were sent on shore by pigeons a distance of five miles outside of Sandy Hook, and thence to New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and other cities, and published an hour before the arrival of the steamer at her wharf.

The Governor of Utah.—The commission under which Brigham Young held the office of Governor of Utah, expired on the 29th ult., and as it is alleged that for the last two years he virtually refused to recognize the Government of the United States, having forwarded neither copies of the territorial laws nor the accounts of the expenditures of the public appropriations, it is apprehended by some that there will be a terrible commotion in "Mormon-dom," should he not be re-appointed. Young, himself, in an address to the Mormons in March last, said:

"We have got a territorial government, and *I am and will be the Governor, and no power can hinder it, until the Lord Almighty says,* 'BRIGHAM, YOU NEED NOT BE GOVERNOR ANY LONGER,' *and then I am willing to yield to another.*"

He goes on in the same address to declare that neither President Pierce nor any other President could remove him, and intimates pretty strongly that Judge Lynch would be in waiting for any one coming there under pretence of having authority to assume the office of Governor. This is pretty bold talk; but Brigham Young, like many others before him, will learn, should the President not deem it compatible with the public interest to appoint him, that the "laws must be obeyed" despite the braggadocio and united opposition of a few zealots.

Would not be Free.—The Chicago Times has a story of a gentleman from Missouri, stopping in that city, having with him a slave man. The anti-slavery folks hearing of the slave, tendered him the hospitality of a winter in Canada, and on his declining to leave his master, they proposed to make him free, whether he desired it or not. A crowd of about five hundred assembled for this purpose, but the negro proved stiff-necked, and mounted a store box, made a regular speech, in which he defined his position as against abolitionism, and the crowd left him "alone in his glory," free to be a slave.

Altered Notes.—Fifty dollar bills on the Mechanics' Bank of Philadelphia, which have been altered from $5's issued by the same Bank, are in circulation. The medallion at the top, the word five in the body of the note, and the figures on each end, have been neatly scraped, and the figure of $50 pasted thereon. The alteration is so well executed, that nine out of ten persons would be deceived. Look out for them.

☞ Emigrants to Kansas are still flocking westward, notwithstanding the advanced state of the season. The fourth New England party started from Worcester, on Tuesday. It is the largest which has yet gone out from thence, numbering nearly 200.—Another party of thirty-two from Maryland has passed through Alexandria for Nebraska, as the telegraph says, but no doubt for Kansas. At Culpepper, Virginia, they were to be joined by another party. Thus the Massachusetts organization seems to have stirred up a rivalry at the south.

Counterfeit Champagne.—A trial in New York has brought out some singular facts touching the manufacture of Newark cider into the choicest brands of champagne.—Empty champagne bottles are bought at the hotels and other places, the labels are ingeniously imitated, and the whole finishing and packing are in exact resemblance to the genuine article. The effervescence is given to the cider by forcing air into the bottles. The spurious champagne is sold in great quantities to the hotels and to dealers, and the quantity of it drank, it is said, greatly exceeds that of the genuine importation.

☞ Iskender Bey, a colonel in the Turkish cavalry, of whom frequent mention is made in the present war, is described as being eighty-three years of age, of medium size but powerful frame.

Horrible Death.—We learn from the Columbus (Miss.) Democrat that the gin house belonging to Miss Swope, of that place, situated in Noxubee county, was burned lately, with twenty-five bales of cotton and seven slaves. The eighth one was so badly burned that he was expected to die.

Suicide Epidemic in Kentucky.—On the 10th instant, Mrs. Guill, residing near Ray's Fork, Scott county, Ky., about 20 years of age, hung herself to a tree and was found dead. On the 11th, a Mrs. Plunkett, of Grant county, about 40 years of age, and mother of nine children, hung herself to death; and on the same day a Miss Wiggles, of Harrison county, about 15 years old, shot herself with a rifle, causing a shocking but not immediately fatal wound. A young lady named Lozier, who had an interview with the unfortunate girl, just before her death, on the same evening hung herself to a tree, but was discovered and cut down in time to save her life.

☞ Woman's Rights are something ahead in the Old Dominion. In Winchester, we see John Wysong informs the public that he has associated with him, in the mercantile business, his daughter Virginia, and that hereafter the business will be conducted under the name, style and firm of J. Wysong & Daughter.

☞ Col. Charles A. Thompson, of Mexico, Juniata county, Pa., whilst driving round the circle in a sulkey at the Bloomfield Fair, was twice thrown from his sulkey, and so much injured that he died in about three hours after. He leaves a wife and eight children to mourn his loss.

Caution in Eating Oysters.—We see in the notices of the sudden deaths of individuals that it is stated they die after eating oysters, of a disease resembling cholera.—The following statement concerning an alleged disease among the oysters may explain the cause of these sudden attacks:

"A Baltimore correspondent of the National Intelligencer writes that it is a singular fact, and one important to be generally known, that the oysters of these waters, thus far this season, have proved markedly deleterious to health. Persons have been taken violently ill after eating them, (raw especially,) with cramp, cholic, cholera morbus, &c., and in some instances death has ensued. Crabs, too, have produced similar results. An old and experienced fisherman states that, in his judgment, oysters and crabs this season are impure, unhealthy, possessed of some poisonous substance, and unsafe to be eaten."

Autobiography of Martin Van Buren.—Ex-President Van Buren is sojourning at Vevay, Switzerland, and is earnestly at work upon his autobiography, in which he has already advanced some two or three hundred pages. It will not, however, be published until after his death, and that event, judging from his present appearance and condition, it is said will be many years hence. The New York Post says:

Mr. Van Buren has had a wider political experience and held more exalted public stations than have ever been held by any other person in this country since the formation of the government. He is the only person who has held its four highest offices—President, Vice-President, Secretary of State and Minister to England. He was also a United States Senator, Governor of the State of New York, Attorney General of the State, State Senator, and Surrogate of the County of Columbia. With his book and Benton's complete, we think the old democratic party will stand a pretty fair chance with posterity.

Remarkable Case of Second Sight.—A New York letter mentions the following extraordinary incident, in connection with the loss of the Arctic:

A young gentleman, lately residing in this city, fell through a hatchway in his father's store some time last summer, and was severely injured, one side of his body becoming completely paralyzed, and after a while he entirely lost the faculty of speech. In this position he remained until the 27th ultimo, (about the time of the accident to the Arctic, on board which steamer it was known that the young man's father was a passenger,) when he suddenly started up in his sleep, and exclaimed, to the surprise of all present, "My father is drowning!" fell back upon his pillow and died. It was the first time he had spoken for months; it was the last forever.

The young man referred to was a son of Mr. G. G. Smith, of New York, who was lost in the Arctic.

Polygamy.—The Cleveland Plaindealer has a letter from James McKnight, a Mormon elder, with two wives, in which he defends polygamy, and says: "Our young ladies, accomplished and beautiful, often choose a man with ten or twenty, or forty wives, in preference to an attractive young gentleman who has not one; thus showing their good taste and regard for age and experience." Taste in Polygamous Utah, differs very essentially from taste in the civilized world. A Turk might believe a Mormon Elder, a Christian would scarcely credit his story.

☞ A Woman's Rights National Convention was held in Philadelphia on Wednesday last. The usual ladies were present, and a few of kindred spirit among the men. Speeches were made and resolutions were passed in which the objects of the Convention were developed and the general success of the women's rights movement predicted. The leading objects aimed at by this and similar Conventions are expressed, summarily, in one of ten resolutions which were presented by the business committee, as follows:

Resolved, That we urge it upon the women of every American State, first, to petition the Legislatures for universal suffrage and a reform in the rights of property; second, to use their utmost efforts to improve female education; third, to open as rapidly as possible new channels for female industry.

☞ The late venerated Dr. Sharp, (himself an Englishman,) was reported to have made the following remark, during his last and only visit to his native country, to some one who spoke slightingly of the statesmanship of America: "If you can point me to a succession of as talented and virtuous Sovereigns of England, as you find in the eleven men who have filled consecutively the Presidential chair of the United States, then I will yield." There was no reply to this.

Singular Case of Suffocation.—On Friday last, John Marshall, maltster at Dunlop's brewery, at Albany, N. Y., went up to the malt floors, and in penetrating too far, was suffocated by the smoke and gas, which ascended from the lower part of the building through the elevators.

Devoured by Hogs.—Near Kenosh, Wis., last week, a drunken man was literally devoured by hogs while lying in the road in a state of beastly intoxication. His bones and a few remnants of clothing only were found.

☞ A riot in a colored church at St. Louis took place lately. It seems that the congregation were incensed at their pastor for habitually addressing to them all manner of offensive epithets, and on a given evening they all collected, armed with pistols, sticks, &c., and interrupted one of his harangues by a general riot. The next day the parson and a number of his flock were arrested.

PENNSYLVANIA—OFFICIAL.

GOVERNOR AND PROHIBITION.

	Governor.		Prohibition.	
	Bigler.	Pollock.	For.	Against.
Adams,	2080	2124	1236	2584
Allegheny,	5115	10377	10032	4053
Armstrong,	1949	2689	2322	1711
Beaver,	1458	2233	1955	1089
Bedford,	2019	2157	1252	2361
Berks,	8493	5143	2612	10599
Blair,	1513	2706	2258	1143
Bucks,	5089	5498	3778	5879
Bradford,	2369	4811	4353	1672
Butler,	2381	2955	2301	2209
Cambria,	1739	1627	1292	1325
Carbon,	1227	1056	658	1072
Centre,	2113	2774	2438	1871
Chester,	4412	6544	5508	3880
Clarion,	2179	2015	2149	1567
Clearfield,	1448	1188	1235	872
Clinton,	935	1497	1141	730
Columbia,	2180	1399	1037	1933
Crawford,	2687	3696	2994	2135
Cumberland,	2581	3157	2326	3210
Dauphin,	2224	4061	2476	3448
Delaware,	1556	2292	1722	1593
Elk,	364	401	282	307
Erie,	2526	3637	2767	1504
Fayette,	2440	3488	3493	1407
Franklin,	2799	3579	2539	3241
Fulton,	876	705	426	832
Greene,	2006	1746	1186	1782
Huntingdon,	1600	2614	2169	1294
Indiana,	1264	3161	2368	1338
Jefferson,	988	1559	1385	1015
Juniata,	1176	1170	1140	909
Lancaster,	4609	10962	5536	8969
Lawrence,	994	2576	2359	737
Lebanon,	1751	2636	1091	2784
Lehigh,	3026	3094	776	4733
Luzerne,	4368	4881	4283	3265
Lycoming,	2269	2799	2309	1889
McKean,	502	405	415	481
Mercer,	2550	3034	2985	1846
Mifflin,	1287	1630	1398	982
Monroe,	1917	625	574	1718
Montgomery,	5559	5144	3819	5789
Montour,	976	757	773	735
Northampton,	3685	3417	1411	5093
Northumberl'd,	2182	2121	1524	2280
Perry,	1412	2121	1297	1939
Philadelphia,	24956	28817	25330	20570
Pike,	624	207	242	458
Potter,	656	748	613	550
Schuylkill,	5388	4252	2762	5658
Somerset,	1268	2756	1740	1642
Susquehanna,	2126	2819	2640	1525
Sullivan,	417	329	299	340
Tioga,	1489	2448	2041	1576
Union,	1913	2881	1440	2614
Venango,	1466	1679	1836	832
Warren,	1118	1400	1273	975
Washington,	3457	4276	4276	2572
Wayne,	1877	1408	1603	868
Westmorel'd,	3803	3773	3346	3236
Wyoming,	893	1174	1191	339
York,	4707	4777	2336	5904
	167001	204008	158342	163510

☞ The vote for Supreme Judge and Canal Commissioner will be given next week. We annex a recapitulation of the vote for the several State candidates:

GOVERNOR.

Pollock,	204,008
Bigler,	167,001
Pollock's maj.	37,007

SUPREME JUDGE.

Black,	167,010
Baird,	120,596
Smyser,	73,571

Black's maj. over Baird, 46,414; Baird and Smyser over Black, 27,154.

CANAL COMMISSIONER.

Mott,	274,074
Darsie,	83,[illegible]
Mott's maj.	190,743

PROHIBITION.

Against,	163,510
For,	158,342
Maj. against,	5,168

It will be observed that the vote on Prohibition is 49,157 less than that cast for Governor. So that although the returns present a nominal majority against Prohibition, the actual vote against it falls 21,995 short of a majority of the whole vote polled for Governor. In other words, out of 371,009 votes polled at the election, but 163,510 were cast against Prohibition.

☞ *Price of Potatoes.*—At the various railroad stations in Massachusetts and Vermont, potatoes, it is said, are sold at the rate of 25, 33⅓, 37½ and 42 cents per bushel. It would be a good speculation for a company of persons to buy potatoes at the North, ship them, and sell them here at reasonable prices.

Consolidation of Railroads.—After quite a severe struggle it has been agreed to amalgamate the interests of the Baltimore and Susquehanna, and York and Cumberland, and Sunbury Railroads. By this act the companies are consolidated, and form one chain under the same management. The move is a good one, and must eventuate to the advantage of all concerned.

Death of Gov. Burt.—A telegraphic despatch from St. Louis announces the death of Francis Burt, Esq., Governor of the Territory of Nebraska, on the 18th inst., at Bellevue city, which place he had reached on the 6th. Mr. Burt had but lately resigned the Post of Third Auditor of the Treasury to accept the new honor in the new Territory.

☞ A distressing casualty occurred at Port Sheldon (Mich.) on the 10th instant. As the Rev. Mr. Bolks, pastor of the Reformed Dutch at Grand Haven, was crossing a bridge, having his wife and three children in the carriage with him, his horse became frightened and backed off the bridge, where there was a depth of from eighteen to twenty feet of water. Mr. Bolks managed to save himself and wife, but the three children and horse were drowned.

A Bridge over the Mississippi.—The subject of a bridge over this great river at St. Louis is discussed in the newspapers.

Pennsylvania Legislature—Session 1855.

SENATE.

1. Philadelphia city.—*Eli K. Price, W. A. Crabb.*
2. Philadelphia county.—W. Goodwin, L. Foulkrod, N. B. Browne.
3. Montgomery.—*B. Frick.*
4. Chester and Delaware—*J. J. Lewis.*
5. Berks.—W. M. Hiester.
6. Bucks.—H. K. Sager.
7. Lancaster and Lebanon.—*J. W. Killinger, J. G. Shuman.*
8. Northumberland and Dauphin.—*David Taggart.*
9. Northampton and Lehigh.—William Fry.
10. Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne.—J. H. Walton.
11. Adams and Franklin.—*D. Mellinger.*
12. York.—Jacob S. Haldeman.
13. Cumberland and Perry.—Samuel Wherry.
14. Centre, Lycoming, Sullivan and Clinton.—J. W. Quiggle.
15. Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon.—J. Cresswell, jr.
16. Luzerne, Montour and Columbia.—C. R. Buckalew.
17. Bradford, Susquehannah and Wyoming.—W. M. Piatt.
18. Tioga, Potter, M'Kean, Elk, Clearfield, Jefferson and Forest.—B D Hamlin.
19. Mercer, Venango and Warren.—T. Hoge.
20. Erie and Crawford.—*Jas. Skinner.*
21. Butler, Beaver and Lawrence.—*John Ferguson.*
22. Allegheny.—*George Darsie,* Jonas R. M'Clintock.
23. Washington and Greene.—*John C. Flenniken.*
24. Somerset, Bedford and Fulton.—*Francis Jordan.*
25. Armstrong, Indiana and Clarion.—S. S. Jamison.
26. Juniata, Mifflin and Union.—*James M. Sellers.*
27. Westmoreland and Fayette.—William E. Frazer.
28. Schuylkill.—*John Hendricks.*

Democrats 18—Whigs 15.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Adams—Moses M'Clean.

Allegheny—John Kirkpatrick, *Jacob Gray, J. J. Muse, David L. Smith, C. S. Eyster.*

Armstrong, Clarion and Jefferson—G. W. Ziegler, Philip Clover, *Abner W. Lane.*

Beaver, Butler and Lawrence—*B. B. Chamberlin, W. Stewart, R. B. McCombs.*

Bedford, Fulton and Cambria—William T. Daugherty, *George S. King.*

Berks—A. M. Sallade, Jeremiah Mengle, J. F. Linderman, Samuel Shearer.

Blair and Huntingdon—George Leas, *George Smith.*

Bradford—B. Laporte, *Judson Holcombe.*

Bucks—*Ed. G. Harrison, Watson P. Magill, Samuel F. Gwinner.*

Carbon and Lehigh—Thomas Craig, jr., *Jas. S. Reese.*

Centre—D. C. Boal.

Chester—*M. A. Hodgson, M. J. Pennypacker, Wm. R. Downing.*

Clearfield, M'Kean and Elk—A. Caldwell.

Clinton, Lycoming and Potter—*Thomas Wood, Wm. T. Fearon.*

Columbia and Montour—James G. Maxwell.

Crawford—*A. B. Ross, Howell Powell.*

Cumberland—*Montgomery Donaldson, George B. Cresswell.*

Dauphin—John A. Stehley, *Lot Bergstresser.*

Delaware—*Thomas H. Maddock.*

Erie—*G. J. Bell,* James Thompson.

Fayette and Westmoreland—Clement Hubbs, Jesse Weddel, James Foster, S. B. Page.

Franklin—James Orr, *James Lowe.*

Greene—John M. Stockdale.

Indiana—*Alex. M'Connell.*

Lancaster—Hugh M. North, Jacob L. Gross, *Emlen Franklin, Daniel G. Witmer, John F. Herr.*

Lebanon—W. A. Barry.

Luzerne—A. B. Dunning, *Gideon W. Palmer.*

Mercer, Venango and Warren—S. P. M'Calmont, Daniel Lott, *Ralph Clapp.*

Mifflin—*E. Morrison.*

Monroe and Pike—Abraham Edinger.

Montgomery—Jacob Fry, jr., *James Rittenhouse, Henry N. Wickersham.*

Northampton—F. Johnson, M. Bush.

Northumberland—G. M. Yorks.

Perry—Kirk Haines.

Philadelphia city—M. Y. Baker, *H. K. Strong, Wm. R. Morris, Geo. R. Smith.*

Philadelphia county—*Alex. Cummings, R. M. Carlisle, R. L. Wright, E. G. Waterhouse, Nicholas Thorne, Charles R. Alleyoed, J. A. Simpson, Thomas C. Steele,* ROBERT M. FOUST, J. S. FLETCHER, *S. H. Bowman.*

Schuylkill—Benjamin Christ, Charles Frailey.

Somerset—*Joseph Cummins.*

Susquehanna, Sullivan and Wyoming—*John Sturdevant,* B. T. Lathrop.

Tioga—*Thomas L. Palmer.*

Union and Juniata—J. W. Crawford.

Washington—*Samuel J. Krepps, Thos. McCullough.*

Wayne—George A. Starkweather.

York—Eli W. Free, *William McConley, Daniel Rutter.*

Democrats in Roman—Whigs in *Italic*—Natives in SMALL CAPS—*Temperance democrats.

RECAPITULATION.

	Whigs.	Democrats.	Natives.
Senate,	15	18	
House,	53	45	2
	68	63	2

Immense Immigration.—The Burlington Telegraph says: "The immigration into Iowa, at all the crossings, the present season, is unparalleled in the history of the past.—The Steam ferry at this city, (one of the largest on the river, is kept in constant motion from morning until night, and frequently until midnight. The consequence is, that every evening whole acres on the opposite side of the river may be seen covered with the wagons, tents, and cattle of the emigrants. The merchants, grocers and manufacturers are reaping a rich harvest in the way of furnishing supplies to the travelling million. At present rates, at least 100,000 souls will be added to the population of this State during the present season."

☞One million five hundred thousand dollars of the State debt of Ohio has been paid off since the first of last January.

From the Philadelphia North American of Friday.

Shoplifting and Precocious Matrimony.

A singular instance of female depravity has recently been brought to the notice of the police. For the last eighteen months, a girl named Mary Ann Galway has been in the employ of Mr. Baum, in Eighth street, above Arch; of Mr. John Kiehl, in Arch street, between Seventh and Eighth; and during the last four weeks, in the dry goods establishment of Mr. George Fryer, in Chestnut street, below Tenth.

During these eighteen months, Mary Ann seems to have had very costly clothing for herself, and to have made numerous presents to her dress makers and acquaintances. On entering the store of Mr. Fryer, she presented his child with a beautiful handkerchief, the value of which is estimated at forty-five dollars. Mr. Fryer naturally inquired how she came by such a costly article. She said that her mother held a very responsible and lucrative situation in the Girard House, in this city, and her aunt the same kind of a situation in the St. Nicholas Hotel, New York, and that one of them had given her the handkerchief. As she was a poor girl, she did not like to keep such a handkerchief. This explanation was received as satisfactory at the time.—But on last Saturday night, Mary Ann was detected in the act of secreting some fine laces, and the explanation of the affair only induced Mr. Fryer to have the young lady taken into custody. Since the event, startling developments have been made.

It appears that, during the last eighteen months, this young lady has been carrying on shoplifting by the wholesale, and with a success almost unparalleled by a female. She has taken from the various stores in which she has been employed, patterns, silk dresses, merinoes, laces, handkerchiefs, and other goods, amounting in value to hundreds of dollars. Her plan of action was, to represent to her companion saleswomen that the goods were purchased, and were to be sent for.

The packages were laid aside until boys called and transferred them to the houses of acquaintances of the young lady, to whom she had made them presents. Goods, amounting in value from $250 to $350, have been recovered by the police, and they expect to recover $100 worth more. She appears to have scattered her favors in every direction, giving away that which did not belong to her with a most royal hand.

But this is not all the story. Mary Ann exercised her fascinating powers over a mere lad, seventeen years of age—a clerk in one of our well-known jewelry stores—secured his affections, and lastly they were, upon false representations of age to Alderman Thompson, united in marriage. The lad belongs to a respectable family, who cannot but grieve deeply at such a connection.

The case is an extraordinary one, and must excite the public attention.

Hanging a Man with a Log Chain.

A correspondent of the Sacramento Union, writing from Drytown in Amador, August 25th, says: "The citizens of this place were excited by the report that another murder had been committed in our midst. A Chinaman, while at work mining, a short distance below the town, was attacked by a Mexican and killed, by a revolver. It appears the Mexican shot at several others, without effect. The miners got track of the villain, and after a hard chase, caught him near the Q Ranch, eight miles below here. The prisoner was brought up within about a mile of the town, where a large party of miners were assembled. He was tried on the spot, and positive proof being obtained, it was decided that he should be hung forthwith. The Sheriff of the county made several ineffectual attempts to obtain possession of the prisoner. The crowd were all in favor of hanging the prisoner without delay, but only six or seven men could be got to perform the deed. No rope being at hand, a log chain was procured and fastened to the limb of a tree, with just sufficient rope to make a noose of. The prisoner was then mounted on a horse, after being bound, when several attempts were made to get his head into the noose, but his struggles prevented their doing it. The log chain was then lowered, and the noose put over his head, after nearly pulling all his hair out. The log chain was then hooked around the limb of a tree; the horse was led out from under him, when the prisoner hung suspended not a foot above the ground. In about half an hour he was cut down, and buried by the Chinamen. He declared his innocence to the last. He was a good looking fellow, about twenty-three or twenty-four years of age, slim built and talked good English."

Arrest of an Alleged Counterfeiter.—On Saturday, a man named John Wilson was brought before the Commissioner, by U. S Deputy Marshals Jenkins and Crossin, on the charge of forging the coin of the United States. The officers went to Pennington, in Chester county, and visited a tavern in that place. As they entered one door, the prisoner fled out of the other, and kept his course across the fields for about a mile, pursued by the officers. In passing a forge on his route, he threw away a large bundle of bank notes, which were picked up by the workmen at the forge and handed to the officers. The roll contained about $500 in counterfeit $2's on the Middletown Bank, and $5's on the Girard Bank, with about $20 in good money. These counterfeits are so excellently executed that few persons would be able to make the detection, and even some of the bank officers were deceived. About $10,000 of this kind of money has been put into circulation within the last two months, in the counties of Delaware, Chester, Lancaster and Philadelphia.—When arrested, the prisoner offered the officers all his plates and as much money as he could raise, if they would let him go.—No counterfeit coin was found about his person. District Attorney Vandyke appeared for the United States. A further hearing was to take place on Wednesday week.

There were living, last April, on a street a mile in length, along the borders of the towns of Ware and Palmer, six families, consisting of thirty persons, of whom twenty were over fifty years of age, sixteen were over sixty, eleven were over seventy, five were over eighty, and three had passed the age of ninety years. The next three families also, had grandfathers in them of the age of seventy-four, seventy-eight and eighty-four years—*Springfield (Mass.) Republican.*

American Difficulty with Switzerland.

It appears by letters by the last steamer from abroad, that our government is now to have a case on hand with the Swiss Republic for injuries done an American citizen, Mr. Philips, who speedily returns to the United States to lay his case before Secretary Marcy. It seems that it became known to the Swiss police, that Mazzini was travelling upon the continent with an American passport, under the name of Philips. When, therefore, a genuine Mr. Philips, with an American passport, presented himself at Basle, he was arrested and conveyed before an officer of justice. He was there treated with great indignity, and was even told that he lied. After his interrogatory he was placed in jail, where he was kept for seven days and nights in solitary confinement, and fed on bread and water. He did not know what his offence was, the police, of course, supposing that he knew himself to be a contraband Italian Jacobite. He asked to see the American Consul, but the request was refused. He was finally released, receiving his leave to depart from the lips of the jailor. He was allowed to confer with no higher officer than the turnkey. He went to Paris, had an interview with Mr. Mason, who advised him to go to Berne and ask for an explanation from the Central Government. He did so, successively asking for $25,000, then the refunding of his actual expenses, and finally for an apology. All were refused, and Mr. Philips, upon advice, proceeded home for the federal interference. This is the most extraordinary case that has yet occurred of European persecution of Americans. That it should have been furnished by Switzerland is singular and regretable. Mr. George Sanders, in a late letter from London, advised Switzerland to treat refugees with less severity, and the positive consequence has been the infliction of unusual harshness upon the person of an American mistaken for a refugee. We gather the above particulars of the affair from a letter writen by Mr. Philips to a friend in this country. The outrage is one of great indignity; and in the language of Mr. Philips himself, "it now remains to be seen whether our government will allow its citizens to be secretly imprisoned, without requiring an explanation, or demanding security against future outrages of the kind."

A Sad and Curious Spectacle.—The Boston Courier gives the following account of a remarkable case now occupying the attention of the Supreme Court:—

The Supreme Court room has been thronged for a day or two past, by men and women, "Spiritualists" mainly, who are either interested directly, or seeking pleasure in the mournful details of a trial for divorce at present pending before that high tribunal. The parties are Kidder vs. Kidder. The husband is defended by the Hon. Rufus Choate, the wife by the Hon. Charles G. Loring, and Mr. Justice Bigelow is on the bench. The woman is a spiritualist, a believer in free love, which the law calls adultery. The man is accused of the same. The woman has troops of female friends to cheer her in her distress, and prominent among them is a lady of Waltham of distinguished accomplishments. These ladies watch the proceedings with anxiety and apparent earnestness. One witness, a woman, testified that Mrs. Kidder had, on several occasions, attempted to convert her to the free love faith, which means, "when you find your affinities you can live in perfect happiness with them; and the children of such affinities born would be pure and holy." The witness named a man, a common looking customer enough, whom Mrs. Kidder had described as her "affinity," because "from his earliest infancy he had made woman his theme."

This infant prodigy was in court, and one would suppose that his pug-nose alone would be sufficient to affright any woman of spirit; but free love, like other love, is probably in need of spectacles. According to this coarse theory of free-love, a married woman who has discovered her "affinity"—even though it be secreted in a deformity with brief legs and a long body and a physiognomy compressed—it is all right to leave her husband, embroider three rings and other emblems of love in his cravat, and go off with him! Such a union, without the first semblance of marriage ceremony, is sanctified in heaven—so the spiritualists say. This is curious stuff, and yet it is called "religion" and "morals" too. It does not follow, however, from the mere statement of a witness in court, that Mrs. Kidder believes in any such doctrine.—Other evidence was put in with a view of showing that the lady had been unfaithful to her husband, and that her spiritual notions had an immoral smack in them. The case of Mr. Kidder will come on as soon as that of his wife is disposed of.

Gov. Reeder in Kansas.—Gov. Reeder, the first Governor of Kansas Territory, landed at Fort Leavenworth a few days ago, which will be his home for the present.—He was greeted on his arrival at the Fort with the national salute, and a public reception was given him.

The Territory of Kansas.—The Kansas territorial government will now soon be organized. It is probable that Gov. Reeder has by this time issued his proclamation. The Kansas Herald says:

As soon as the census is taken, and the districts are laid out, the people will be called upon to elect a delegate to Congress, and members of the legislature. We are not surprised to learn that a general desire exists to have the territorial legislature convened as early as practicable. It is thought that this can be done by the first of December.

We notice that in the meantime the territory is fast filling up with an enterprising, industrious and hardy population, from all sections of the Union, so that by the time fanaticism in the States exhausts itself about slavery and freedom, it will have become of the most flourishing and prosperous territories of the country.

The Batteries at Sebastopol.—There were 722 guns in the batteries of Sebastopol, on the 6th of January last, of which 104 defended Fort Constantine on the North side of the harbor, and 192 defended fort Nicholas, 80 fort Paul, and 64 fort Alexander, on the south side. There were at the same time in harbor, two three-deckers, one of 130 and one of 120 guns; three two-deckers of 84 guns each; three frigates, two corvettes, three brigs, two war steamers and two ships of the line not fitted. The number of ships has since been increased.

The Recent Outrage on a Priest.

ELLSWORTH, Oct. 21.—The Rev. Mr. Bapst, the Catholic priest, who was tarred and feathered and ridden on a rail a few nights since, by a parcel of rowdies in this place, is not dead, as reported, but has recovered from his injuries and exposure attending the outrage.

Florida Legislature.—The Democrats have 3 majority in the Senate, and 2 certain, and probably 5, in the House.—There is said to be one Whig elected to the House pledged to vote for a Democratic U. S. Senator, and for Judge Douglass, of Illinois, for President, against the world.—His name is Brown.

Boston and Charlestown.—The Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts decided on Saturday that the act of the Legislature of the State authorizing the annexation of Charlestown to Boston is unconstitutional, and therefore void. It will be remembered that by a vote of the people of both cities they had lately decided in favor of the annexation. The decision of the Court is therefore received with surprise by the advocates of the measure, whilst it occasions much rejoicing on the part of its opponents.

A Prosperous Town.—Piedmont, on the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, opposite Westernport, is becoming a village of note. It is but a few years old and now numbers about 700 inhabitants. The Cumberland Alleganian says that during the present year some thirty or forty buildings have been erected, or are in the course of construction, including two intended for hotels, and a church.

A Busy Hen.—E. H. Pilcher, of Adrian, (Mich.) gives an account of a wonderful hen he has in his possession. She has laid one hundred and sixty-seven eggs in so many successive days. During this time she intermitted but two days, to wit, the 2d and the 125th, but to make up for this she laid two eggs on the 122d and 167th days each.—*Boston Bee.*

State Officers Indicted.—The Grand Jury of Dane county, Wis., recently indicted the Secretary of State and Attorney General for wrongful and illegal acts, as Commissioners of the School Lands. The indictment is founded upon the facts which have transpired touching the sale of a very large body of the School Lands.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE—Friday last.

Flour,	$8 75 to 9 00
Wheat,	1 80 to 1 90
Rye,	1 09 to 1 10
Corn,	70 to 73
Oats,	47 to 50
Cloverseed,	6 50 to 6 75
Timothyseed,	3 50 to 3 87
Flaxseed,	1 35 to 1 37
Beef Cattle,	3 00 to 7 75

YORK—Friday last.

Flour, per bbl., from stores,	$8 75
Do. " from wagons,	8 25
Wheat, per bushel,	1 60@1 80
Rye, "	1 10
Corn, "	72
Oats, "	47
Timothy Seed, per bushel,	3 50
Plaster Paris, per ton,	7 50

HANOVER—Thursday last.

Flour, (from Wagons,)	$7 87
Do. Retail,)	8 50
Wheat, per bushel,	1 50@1 65
Rye,	1 06
Corn,	75
Oats,	45
Timothy Seed,	3 00
Clover Seed,	5 75
Flax Seed,	1 25
Plaster Paris, per ton,	7 00

Married,

On Thursday morning last, by the Rev. Dr. Baugher, Rev. E. A. SHARRETTS, Pastor of the Lutheran Church at Bloomsburg, Pa., to Miss SOPHIA, daughter of Mr. Geo. C. Strickhouser, of this place.

On Wednesday last, at Friends' meeting, in Menallen township, Adams, I. WRIGHT, of Bonderville, to JANE C., daughter of Cyrus Grist—all of Menallen township.

On the 25th inst., by the Rev J. Hirsh, Mr. JOHN HAVERSTICK, to Miss ELIZA ANN WAGNER—both of this county.

Died,

On the 14th inst., WILLIAM LOVIGA, infant son of Wm. and Rebecca Fisher, of this place, aged 10 months and 6 days.

On the 10th inst., after a short but severe illness, in Tyrone City, Blair county, Pa., Mr. FRANCIS B. DAVIS, formerly Editor of the Littlestown "Ledger," aged about 25 years.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

George Arnold

HAS now entered into the Clothing business extensively, and has

Experienced Workmen

in his employment, constantly cutting out and making up, out of his own Cloths, OVER-COATS, DRESS COATS, PANTALOONS, VESTS, MONKEY JACKETS, &c. &c.

☞All kinds of Clothing made to order on short notice. Constantly on hand and for sale, a great variety of Clothing of his own manufacturing, as cheap as the cheapest. Call and see them—we cannot be beat.

Oct. 30. tf

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!! At the Old Stand No. 86 Arch st. below 3d, the whole Stock of FANCY FURS belonging to the late and well known firm of SOLIS' BROTHERS is now being sold at reduced prices in order to close the estate. This is the best and largest assortment of Furs that can be found, and consists of Sable, Martin, Mink, Fitch, Squirrel, and all other kinds of fashionable Furs, in Capes, Victorines, Cuffs, Muffs, &c. &c. Call early and make your selections.

DAVID H. SOLIS,
Surviving Partner of the late firm of Solis Brothers.
No. 86 Arch st. between 2d and 3d sts.
Oct. 30.—3m *Philadelphia.*

Wanted Immediately,

A TEACHER to have charge of the School of colored children in the Borough of Gettysburg during the coming winter. Apply to

R. G. MCCREARY,
Pres't of Board of Directors.

Oct. 23.

NOTICE,

Estate of Sally Barr, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration, with the will annexed, on the Estate of SALLY BARR, late of Mountjoy township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to call and settle the same; and those who have claims to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JAMES W. BARR, *Adm'r.*

Oct. 23. 6t

FOR SALE,

A YOUNG HORSE, well broken to harness, and an excellent worker. Inquire at this Office.

Oct. 16.

Educational Convention.

THE Teachers of Common Schools in Adams county, and all the friends of Education, are earnestly solicited to attend a Teachers' Convention, to be held in the Borough of Gettysburg, on *Saturday the 11th day of November next,* to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Hon. THOMAS H. BURROWES, of Lancaster, the great champion of the Common School system in Pennsylvania, and its first State Superintendent, will be present and address the Convention. Other addresses may be expected on the art of imparting knowledge, teacher's duties, &c. We sincerely hope that no teacher in the County will fail to be in attendance, and thus evince their interest in their profession and their desire to elevate it to a rank deserving of its responsibility.

We urge upon directors and all others interested in the great cause of Education, to encourage us with their presence, and thus aid us in elevating the standard of education by Common Schools, which it is our ambition and pride to cherish, perfect, and extend.

DAVID WILLS,
Oct. 23. *County Superintendent.*

OPENING OF

Ever Green Cemetery,

AND

SALE OF BURIAL LOTS,

On 7th November, 1854.

THE President and Managers are gratified to be able to announce, that the OPENING CEREMONIES of "EVER GREEN CEMETERY," will occur on *Tuesday the 7th day of November next,* at 10 o'clock, A. M., upon the Cemetery Grounds. Addresses will be delivered, and there will be exercises appropriate to the occasion. The Music will be under the superintendence of Prof. A. J. POTTERFIELD, with the aid of his vocal corps.

☞On the same day, at 1 o'clock, P. M., there will be a SALE OF LOTS. The Company have had the services of an excellent Rural Architect, who has finished a complete and beautiful plan, and laid out the Grounds into avenues, walks, lots, &c. About 1,000 Lots have been marked upon the ground. The Cemetery presents many attractions.—It is conveniently situated, and very commodious. The view is very extensive—the scenery the finest in this region, embracing valley and mountains; and the grounds themselves are beautiful.

The price of Lots (10 by 16 feet) is $10, and the distribution by sale of premiums for choice.

The citizens of the Town and County are invited to attend the opening, and Sale of Lots.

D. M'CONAUGHY, *President.*
MOSES M'CLEAN,
C. W. HOFFMAN,
C. P. KRAUTH,
ABRAM ARNOLD,
T. WARREN,
S. S. SCHMUCKER,
A. B. KURTZ,
J. B. DANNER,
W. B. MEALS,
M. JACOBS,
H. J. STAHLE, *Secretary of the Board of Managers.*

Oct. 16.

LOOK HERE, LADIES!

NEW FANCY GOODS.

MISS McCLELLAN

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Gettysburg and vicinity, that she has just returned from Philadelphia, with a superior assortment of *Fancy Goods,* including some beautiful new style

Calicoes, Ginghams, De Laine Silks,

Cashmeres, De Bage, Coburg Cloths, Muslin, Linen, Sack Flannels, Bonnets and Bonnet Trimmings, Satins, Ladies' Dress Trimmings, Velvets, Ribbons, Artificials, Black Veils, Blue do., Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, French Worked Collars, Cambric, Jaconett & Swiss Edgings, Insertings, Muslins, Sleeves, Mohair and Silk Mits, Black Lace and Fringe, Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Braids, Fans, Gentlemen's Collars, Combs of all kinds, &c.

☞Ladies and Gentlemen are requested to call and examine our Goods. It will give us pleasure to show them.

Oct. 9. tf

Hunters, Take Notice!

WE, the undersigned citizens of Menallen township, do warn all persons from hunting or trespassing on our property. Any person doing so will be dealt with according to law.

Jacob P. Rise,	David E. Cook,
Joseph Cline,	Wm. W. Cook,
Peter Crum,	Jesse M. Hutton,
John Crum,	Elisha Penrose,
Solomon Bender,	Isaac J. Wright,
George Group,	George Adams.

Oct. 16. 3t

FAIRBANK'S

PATENT

SCALES,

225, *Market st., Philadelphia.*

GEO. W COLBY, Agent. Railroad, Hay, Coal and Farmers' Scales, set in any part of the country, at short notice, and by experienced workmen.

Oct. 16. 3m

ELECTION.

Bank of Gettysburg,
Oct. 9th, 1854.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders in the Bank of Gettysburg, that an Election for *THIRTEEN DIRECTORS,* to serve one year, will be held at the Banking House, on *Monday the 20th day of November next.*

J. B. McPHERSON, CASHIER.

Oct. 9. td

Turnpike Election.

THE Stockholders in the "Gettysburg and Petersburg Turnpike Company" will take notice that an election will be held in Gettysburg, on *Monday the 13th day of November next,* for the purpose of choosing, by a majority of the said Stockholders, by ballot, to be delivered in person, or by proxy duly authorized, *One President, Six Managers and One Treasurer,* and such other officers as shall be deemed necessary to conduct the business of said Company for the ensuing year.

J. B. McPHERSON, *Sec'y.*

Oct. 9. td

WANTED,

A single man, as MILLER in a Grist-Mill, fully acquainted with, and capable of attending to, the business therein transacted.—One that can speak both Languages, English and German, preferred. Wanted on the first of April next. Good references needed. For further information address

A. DUNCAN.

Chambersburg, Oct. 16. 3t

WANTED,

A White CHAMBERMAID, who can also do housework. Liberal wages will be given. Inquire at this Office.

Oct. 16.

TICKINGS, MUSLINS, &c.—Some more of those cheap Tickings, Muslins &c., have been received by

A. ARNOLD.

SHAWLS.—A big lot of Bay State Shawls, long and square; Broche and Thibet Shawls—a splendid variety, and going at the cheapest rates, at

SCHICK'S.

A CHANCE FOR BUSINESS MEN!

THE undersigned, intending to retire from the Mercantile business, offer at Private Sale, their entire stock of MERCHANDIZE, consisting of a good assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, &c.

Their stock at present is very low. Great care was exercised the past year in purchasing Goods,—the subscribers being aware that the business was proving injurious to their health, and that they would be obliged to relinquish said business.

The stand is considered one among the very best in the County—situated in *Guilford township, Franklin county,* in the midst of a thickly populated, and wealthy settlement, on the road leading from Chambersburg to Funkstown, 7 miles from the former, and 4 miles from the latter place, at the crossing of five important roads, leading to Greencastle, Fayetteville, &c. It therefore affords an opportunity scarcely to be met with. It is occupied as the Post Office, and has been kept as a Store for many years.

The property in which the Store is kept, is a large two-story Brick House, with a well of excellent water at the door, with other necessary Out-buildings. Possession can be given immediately. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to apply soon. Terms will be moderate, and can be learned by application, either personally or by letter, to the undersigned.

H. & J. SNYDER.

New Guilford, Oct. 16. 3t

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, on very favorable terms,

HIS FARM,

situate in Hamiltonban township, Adams co., adjoining lands of Wm. Hoffman, Wm. Douglass, Jacob Plank, and others, containing 180 ACRES, with the allowance. There are 50 Acres of Timber, and about 14 acres of Meadow, and more may be made. The improvements are a good two-story

ROUGH-CAST HOUSE,

a double Log Barn, stone Spring-house, over a first-rate spring, a thriving young ORCHARD, of about 130 trees; there is also a never-failing spring on another part of the farm.

The property will be shown and the terms made known by the subscriber, residing on the premises.

DAVID McMILLAN.

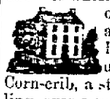
Oct. 2. tf

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, determined to remove to the West, offers at Private Sale, on terms which he feels confident will attract the attention of persons desirous to purchase,

HIS FARM,

in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Jacob Diehl, Isaac Miller and others, containing 225 Acres, more or less—of which there are between 75 and 100 of woodland. The buildings are



a two-story STONE HOUSE, a Bank Barn, the lower stone, the upper frame, a Wagon-shed, Corn-crib, a stone Spring-house near the dwelling, over a never-failing spring, and a young thriving Orchard, the trees just commencing to bear. There is a quantity of meadow sufficient for the farm. There is a stream of water running through it, a fountain pump near the barn-yard, sufficient, in the dryest season, to water all the stock, also three never-failing springs.

If the purchaser should not desire the whole farm, a portion might be reserved.

For terms apply to the subscriber, residing thereon.

SAMUEL WINROTT.

Sept. 25. 4t

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNTS hereinafter mentioned, will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on *Monday the 20th day of November next,* viz.:

280. The first account of John Z. Welty, Administrator of the estate of Henry Welty, deceased.

281. The first account of Andrew Lohr, Administrator of the estate of Catharine Lohr, deceased.

282. The further account of Robert McIlheny, now sole and acting Executor of the last will and testament of Wm. McIlheny, deceased.

283. The first and final account of Thomas F. Frazer, Administrator of the estate of Catharine Saltzgiver, deceased.

284. The first and final account of Thomas F. Frazer, Administrator, de bonis non, cum testamento annexo, of the estate of George Saltzgiver, deceased.

285. The second and final account of George Jacobs, Administrator of the estate of Samuel Jacobs, deceased.

286. The first and final account of Jacob Lott, Administrator of the estate of Abraham Lott, deceased.

287. The first account of George Shryock, Executor of the last will and testament of Samuel Miller, deceased.

288. The first and final account of Henry Wisler, Administrator of the estate of John Altland, deceased.

289. The first and final account of Jacob A. Myers, Administrator of the estate of Jacob Bowers, deceased.

290. The first account of Peter K. Smith, Executor of the last will and testament of Andrew Smith, deceased.

291. The account of John Wolford, Executor of the estate of W. W. Holtzinger, deceased, surviving partner of John T. Ferree, of the Firm of Holtzinger & Ferree.

292. The first and final account of John McCleary, Administrator of the estate of Deborah Stewart, deceased.

293. The final account of Joseph Cline, Executor of the last will and testament of John Cline, sen., deceased.

DANIEL PLANK, *Register.*

Register's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 23, 1854. td

NEW GOODS AGAIN!

SCHICK

HAS just opened one of the largest, prettiest and cheapest stocks of

Fall and Winter Goods,

ever brought to Gettysburg. He invites the public to call, examine, and judge for themselves—no trouble to show Goods.

His new stock embraces a very large variety of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

such as Silks, Turk Satins, Mous Delaines, Bombazines, Alpaccas, Colored Cloths, French Merinoes, De Bages, Ginghams, Calicoes, &c.

In the line of GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, he has selected a choice lot of all styles and prices—Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Satinetts, Jeans, &c., &c.

His stock of FANCY GOODS is also very fine, and too numerous to specify. Call and see.

Thankful for past favors, SCHICK solicits a continuance of public patronage. He will always endeavor to deserve it, by selling *good* Goods, at the lowest living prices. "Quick Sales and Small Profits," is his motto.

Oct. 23. tf

VALUABLE

MILL PROPERTY

At Private Sale.

THE Subscriber, for himself, and as Trustee for the other Heirs of HENRY C. MCKINSTRY, late of Carroll county, deceased, offers at Private Sale the

DOUBLE PIPE CREEK

MILLS,

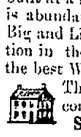
formerly belonging to the late GEORGE H. WARNER, lying in Frederick and Carroll Counties, Md., situate on the Public Road from Woodsboro' to Taneytown, 16 miles from Frederick City, the same distance from Westminster, the County Seat of Carroll County, containing about

28 Acres of Land.

The Improvements are a large and substantial

STONE MILL HOUSE,

Fifty by Seventy Feet, running Three Pair of Burrs, one pair of which cannot be surpassed in the State for Merchant Work, and also One Pair of Choppers. The gearing is complete, having recently had a thorough repairing of new Forbay's, Water Wheels, &c., and an entire NEW SUBSTANTIAL DAM, built at a heavy expense. The Water Power is abundant from having the waters of both Big and Little Pipe Creeks, which form a junction in the Dam. In short, it is considered the best Water Power in said Counties.



There is also a BRICK DWELLING convenient to the Mill:

Stone Fulling & Carding Mill,

SAW-MILL,

capable of doing a fine business, and a STONE TENANT HOUSE.

The Flour Mill is competent to grind Sixty Barrels per day, and can always command a fine run of custom Work.

This valuable property offers many inducements. The location is healthy and desirable, having the advantages of good society, which, for morality, industry, intelligence and enterprise, cannot be surpassed.

☞Any person wishing to purchase a valuable Mill property, will do well to call and examine for themselves, as it will recommend itself. Any information can be had by calling on JOHNSON WELER, who has charge of the property, or on the SUBSCRIBER, living at McKinstry's Mills, Sams' Creek, Carroll County.

Terms accommodating.

N. B. If this property should not be sold before the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY NEXT, it will then be for rent.

SAM'L. McKINSTRY,
Oct. 23.—6t *Trustee.*

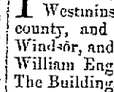
FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The Subscriber offers at Private Sale,

HIS FARM,

Containing 202 Acres of Land.

IT is situated about six miles south-west of Westminster, the county town of Carroll county, and two miles south-east of New Windsor, and adjoins the lands of Isaac Baile, William Englar, Henry Drach, and others.—The Buildings are very good and substantial.



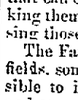
THE HOUSE IS BRICK,

two stories, with Basement, Kitchen, and Cellars: four rooms on the first floor, and four on the second, nearly as good as new. The BARN is also Brick, containing Four Stables, Two Threshing Floors, and Two Mows. There are also most all other Buildings needed on a Farm, viz.: Wagon Shed, with Corn Crib and Tool House attached; two Hog Houses, Spring and Smoke-house, Stables and Barrack; also,

A small BRICK HOUSE,

that would answer for a Tenant. The Land is particularly adapted to Grass, and is Honey Comb, Iron Stone, and a small proportion of Yellow Slate soils—has nearly all been limed within the last few years—and has a sufficiency of WOOD and MEADOW. Through the latter runs a fine stream of water that can easily be conveyed on the slopes, making them fertile beyond all others not possessing those advantages.

The Farm is laid out into convenient sized fields, some of which have water, and all accessible to it by lanes. Good Springs abound, and one, not far from the Buildings, is unsurpassed, and a Pump at the upper door. There is a large APPLE ORCHARD, and other Fruit Trees. Most of the fences are of Chestnut Rails, and the Yard and Garden newly pailed in. No Limestone crops out on the place, but is abundant within a mile, at about which distance the survey of the *Western Maryland Railroad* was made.



As the undersigned does not live on the property, and has no use for it, it will be sold low.

If not sold at Private Sale until *9th day (Thursday,) of the 11th Month, (November)* it will, on that day, at 12 o'clock, M., be exposed at Public Sale, on the premises.

☞Persons desirous of purchasing, will be shown the above by either JOHN WARNER, who resides on it, or by the Subscriber, who resides near the Union Bridge on Uniontown Road, one and a half miles from the latter place.

NATHAN HAINES,

LATE FROM EUROPE.

THE BOMBARDMENT COMMENCED.

Death of Marshal St. Arnaud.

SANDY HOOK, Oct. 24—10 o'clock. P. M.—The steamer Washington, from Bremen via Southampton, with Liverpool and London dates to the 11th instant, four days later than the advices per steamer Africa, arrived at this point a few minutes since.

The Washington brings 250 passengers, and reports the London corn market as 1s. dearer.

Among the passengers are Baron Gerolt, the Russian Ambassador to Washington; Baron de Bodisco, bearer of the despatches from St. Petersburg to the Russian legation at Washington; J. H. Porter, Jr., attache of the U. S. Legation at Berlin; J. A Stayner, ex-Postmaster General of Canada, and family, and Capt. Nichols and lady, of the ship North Star, which was sold at London.

No official despatches have been published relative to the battle of Alma. The English lost 2000 men in the engagement in killed and wounded, and the French 1400. The allies had changed their plan of operations and were to attack Sebastopol from the South, where it was found to be weaker. The base of the operations is Balaklava, where the cavalry and the siege artillery have landed.

After the battle of Alma the Russians burnt all the villages they passed through in their retreat. In their flight they left 6,000 wounded behind them.

One thousand Russians, who were escorting a convoy of munitions of war, had been made prisoners, and Prince Menschikoff himself narrowly escaped capture.

The Russians have sunk seven ships of the line at the mouth of the harbor.

The bombardment of Sebastopol began on the 5th.

Marshal St. Arnaud is dead, and Gen. Canrobert is in command of the French army.

The news of the death of St. Arnaud reached Paris and London on Sunday.

Vienna, Tuesday evening.—On the 29th September 130 heavy guns were disembarked at Balaklava.

Bucharest, Oct. 10.—Prince Gortschakoff is ill. There is a great concentration of Turkish troops at Matchin, and Omer Pasha will begin operations against the Russians in Bessaralia immediately.

STILL LATER.

The Cunard steamer Niagara arrived at Halifax on Wednesday with London & Liverpool dates to the 14th inst. The advices by this arrival state that at the last accounts from the seat of war Sebastopol was completely invested by the troops of the Allies on the South and East, while the guns of their fleets and batteries were playing upon the walls of the fortresses. The fleets, however, according to one account, were comparatively useless, and the marines attached to them had been united with the land forces. Prince Menschikoff was keeping the field on the north of the city, daily expecting the arrival of Gen. Ostensacken and Gen. Gortschakoff with reinforcements. They were expected to join him before the 15th. Seven Russian ships of the line had been sunk at the mouth of the harbor of Sebastopol, and the remainder of the Russian fleet was held ready for sinking.

It is supposed that the siege artillery of the Allies was mounted in battery around Sebastopol on the 4th inst. The bombardment commenced on the 5th, and the assault was expected on the 8th. The Allied trenches were within sixteen hundred yards of the walls, and mounted about fifty guns. A private despatch says that two breaches were made in the walls on the 6th, and another says that no bombardment had taken place as late as the 8th. The whole country north of Sebastopol had been evacuated by the Allies.

The Allies had destroyed the aqueduct which supplied the fortress, and had landed 8,000 cavalry on the Crimea.

The inhabitants of Odessa have given a pledge to burn the place rather than to allow it to fall into the hands of the Allies.

The town of Memel was nearly destroyed by fire, involving a loss of £2,000,000.

The Paris "Debats" estimates the Russian force in the Crimea at eighty-five thousand men, and the Allies at ninety thousand, including seamen.

The news of the loss of the American steamer Arctic had caused profound sensation among all classes in England.

The London "Globe" says the conference of American ministers and Ambassadors on the Continent is without precedent, and that it is understood to be acting under the directions of the President of the United States. These Ministers have been assembled, it adds, to exchange information and consult upon a report on the state of affairs on the continent of Europe as regards American trade, which is carried to every part of the world, and the conference has in view the protection and advancement of American interests in any new treaties that may be made in Europe.

At Liverpool there had been a slight decline in the price of cotton and an advance in breadstuffs. The advance in flour during the week was 1s. 6d. per barrel.

Alleged Re-Appearance of the London Plague.—A story has been circulated in this country of the frightful re-appearance of the London plague, which ravaged that city a hundred and fifty years ago, the contagion having been derived from bones disinterred, in carrying a new sewer through Argyle street, by digging to an unusual depth. It is asserted that physicians have pronounced that the disease is not the cholera, but that it is undoubtedly the plague, that it is propagated by contagion, and is even more speedy in its fatal effects than the cholera. The writer of an article without date, which is copied from the Home Journal, says:

"The disease in a week from the time at which it broke out has completely ravaged the streets in Soho and its immediate vicinity; at the present moment Poland street, Argyle street, and others, are closed against all passers. Half the shops in Regent street are shut up—the remainder are rapidly closing. At two o'clock in the day, scarcely a dozen persons may be seen in that great thoroughfare. In those streets which the disease is most speedily depopulating, the dead bodies are placed in the open air, immediately that life has departed from them, so great is the fear of contagion. I have seen, in two instances, half a dozen bodies being carried off in black sacks, like bales of goods, for burial! You will easily judge how great a fright this has created. Every one who is able to do so has fled. London, generally at this time crowded, is now half depopulated."

The London papers do not contain anything to countenance this story beyond the fact which has been repeatedly stated, that the cholera has prevailed in London to a greater extent than in any year since 1849.

Full Particulars of the Discovery of the Remains of Sir John Franklin and His Party.

MONTREAL, Oct. 21.—The Montreal Herald of this morning has the following:

"In our extra of yesterday evening we informed the public that a rumor was current in town that the remains of Sir John Franklin and his crew and their ships had been discovered.

"We immediately despatched a special messenger to the Hudson Bay Company's House at Lachine, and through the kindness of the Governor, Sir George Simpson, are enabled to lay before our readers the following outline of a despatch received by him yesterday from Dr. Rae:

"Dr. Rae has been absent on the coast since the first of the month of June, 1853, and returned to York Factory on the 28th of August last, whence he forwarded letters by express to Sir Geo. Simpson, via the Red River settlement.

"After briefly noticing the result of his own expedition, and the difficulties with which they had to contend, he proceeds to to state that from the Esquimaux he had obtained certain information of the fate of Sir John Franklin's expedition, who had been starved to death after the loss of their ships, which were crushed in the ice, and while making their way south to the Great Fish River of Buck, near the outlet of which a party of whites died, leaving accounts of their sufferings in the mutilated corpses of some, which had evidently furnished food to their unfortunate companions.

"This information, although not derived from the Esquimaux who had communicated with the whites, and who found their remains, but from another band who obtained the details *viva voce*, may yet be relied upon. No doubt is left of the truth of the report, as the natives had in their possession various articles of European manufacture which had been in possession of the whites.

"Among these are several silver spoons, forks, &c., on one of which is engraved: "Sir John Franklin, K. C. B.," while the others have crests and initials on them which identify the owner as having belonged to the ill-fated expedition. Drawings of some of these have been sent down. This fearful tragedy must have occurred as long ago, as the Spring of 1850."

Death of a Veteran Public Officer.—William Hunter, Esq., died in Washington city on the 22d, in the 87th year of his age. The deceased was a native of New Jersey, but his youth was mainly spent in England, after having been captured by a French man of war, and, with his parents, carried into France. Being left an orphan at an early age in a foreign land, he was placed in a printing office, where he served the usual period and acquired a knowledge of the printing art. Of his subsequent career, a writer in the National Intelligencer says:

In 1793 he returned to the United States and established a French and American paper in Philadelphia, and became associated in business with Matthew Carey, with whom his intimacy continued uninterrupted to the dying hour of that useful man. In 1795, Mr. Hunter removed to Washington, Pennsylvania, and established the "Telegraph." In 1797, he married Anne Morrison, of Bedford, Pennsylvania, (who lives to mourn his loss,) and removed to Washington, Kentucky, where he established the "Mirror." Removing subsequently to Frankfort, in the same State, he published the "Palladium," and for ten consecutive years was elected State Printer. Early in General Jackson's administration, Col. Hunter removed to Washington city, and (in 1829) received an appointment in the Fourth Auditor's office, which he retained to the time of his death.

Murder and Suicide.—A shocking affair, by which a man and wife named Smith were sent into eternity, occurred in the village of New Windsor, N. Y., on Saturday night last. The husband had been for some time in a depressed state of mind, and finally wound up his earthly career by murdering his wife, and then taking his own life. The first that was known of the occurrence was on Sunday morning, when some of the neighbors entered the dwelling and found the wife dead in her bed & the lifeless form of her husband lying in a pool of blood on the floor, with his throat cut from ear to ear.

☞Samuel Dunham, a soldier in the Revolutionary war, died at Mansfield, (Ct.) on the 12th inst., at the age of one hundred years and twenty days. He was the oldest Revolutionary pensioner in the State, and possibly in the United States. Mr. Dunham leaves two brothers, one of whom is ninety-five and the other ninety-seven years of age. Both of them were soldiers of the Revolution, and one of them, to the disgrace of the country, is now the inmate of an almshouse.

☞Brownlow, of Knoxville, after an article announcing the decline of the cholera there, adds the following:—"Since writing the above we were informed of two cases of sickness in a brick house in the west end of the town. We have been there and inspected them minutely. Add to their imprudent living and eating, the unexampled filth of the house and family—the manure, vermin, and horrible scent of all concerned, and if Providence were not to kill them off, those of us who try to be decent would have grounds to complain of bad treatment. We predict their death by the time our paper goes to press."

Contempt of Court.—The Whig Statesman, published at Butler, Choctaw county, Ala., says that Governor Winston, of Alabama, was fined ten dollars, a few days ago, by a circuit judge in one of the counties of Mississippi, for wearing his hat and puffing a cigar in the court room, during the session of the day.

A Judge in Trouble.—The Cincinnati Gazette says a man named Williams was severely beaten in that city, on Friday night, by Judge Flinn, for whose arrest a warrant has been issued. Nice business for a Judge.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, October 30, 1854.

☞A meeting was to be held at Hanover on Saturday evening last, of all friendly to the establishment of a *Telegraphic line* to that place.

☞The new Board of County Commissioners organized on Tuesday last, by appointing JOHN MICKLEY, Esq., President, and re-appointing JACOB AUGHINBAUGH Clerk.

☞The Postmaster General has removed WM. B. WILSON, the Postmaster at Bendersville, in this county, and appointed WM. OVERDEER in his room. As the business of the office has been transacted to the satisfaction of the whole community, by a most competent person, ABEL T. WRIGHT, no other reason can be assigned for the removal, than the fact that Mr. Wilson had been an independent candidate for the Legislature at the late election.

U. S. Senator.

The probability being that a Whig may be elected U. S. Senator by the next Legislature of this State, quite a number of names have been presented to the consideration of those whose duty it will be to make the selection. We are pleased to see amongst them the name of Hon. DANIEL M. SMYSER, formerly of this place. We would add to the well deserved encomiums upon his character and attainments, our humble tribute. We have known him from childhood, and bear full and ample testimony to his liberal, generous, manly character, his chaste and varied scholarship, untiring industry, quick perceptive mind, and acknowledged capability for any station. We feel confident he would take a high rank in that dignified Legislative body, and do honor to his native State.

A Chance for Fine Stock.

Major EGE, of Taneytown, being about to remove from thence, intends selling without reserve, on Tuesday the 7th of November, his fine stock, among which are 12 head of Durham and Devon Cattle, *pure blood*, 30 head of South-Down Sheep, and Hogs of the Chester and Berkshire breed, pure. He intends, also, disposing of his whole stock of Horses and Horned Cattle, farming implements, &c. This is an opportunity for our Farmers to purchase fine stock, which rarely presents itself, and we would call their particular attention to it.

☞Since our last, several deaths from cholera occurred at Martinsburg; but the Gazette of Wednesday says there have been no new cases for two or three days, and it is hoped the health of the town would be speedily restored.

☞The press of Maine has spoken out in the most decided language against the outrage committed upon the Rev. Mr. Bapst, the Catholic priest who was mobbed by rowdies at Ellsworth, Maine, and whose death in consequence was reported. He has since recovered from the outrage.—Several Protestant citizens of Bangor, Maine, have presented him with a valuable gold watch, as an evidence of their regret for the disgraceful outrage.

☞Our former townsman, J. RUFUS EDIE, Esq., has the very handsome majority of 5,195 in the Somerset district, for Congress.

☞The late elections in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, have placed the seal of condemnation upon Douglass and the Nebraska bill. That bill, and most of those who rushed it through Congress, are defunct. It has been the death of the administration. The lesson will long be remembered. It will show those who are clothed with a "little brief authority," that they may not trample upon the rights and principles of a free people with impunity. Even the South repudiated the authors of the iniquity. Here is another plank kicked out of the democratic platform.

☞The great National Cattle Show took place at Springfield, Ohio, last week.—There was a large assemblage of distinguished persons present from all parts of the country; and the show of stock was, it is said, "superior to anything which has been, or probably ever will be, seen in America." At the grand banquet on Thursday, there were 12 tables, each from 90 to 100 feet long.

☞On Thursday morning last, whilst a drove of cattle was crossing the Bridge at Port Deposite, it gave way. The second and third spans from the Harford side were broken to atoms, and the first and fourth so much shattered, that they will fall. About 110 cattle were on the second and third spans when they fell, 18 of which succeeded in getting off, but the rest went down into the river with the wreck of the bridge.—Eighteen of them had their legs broken, and only one was drowned. No lives were lost. The telegraph wires were broken, as the bridge afforded a support for the wires.

☞Several startling cases of sudden death from cholera, said to be caused by eating oysters, took place in New York on Wednesday last.

Mr. Pollock's Sentiments.

Our Governor elect, Judge POLLOCK, was charged during the canvass with being a "Know Nothing," &c. &c. The charge was denied—but was continually reiterated. We are now happy to give his own words on the subject, as delivered by him at his residence at Milton, to a large number who had gone to congratulate him. He made an eloquent impromptu speech on the occasion—and among other sentiments he advanced, was the following:—"He had been charged," he said, "with being proscriptive in his religious opinions. So far from being so, he acknowledged no right in one man to dictate to another what should be his belief or mode of worship.—Holding religion as a sacred thing, and claiming the privilege of worshipping God according to the dictates of his own conscience, he granted the same right to every living being. Believing the Constitution of our country sufficient to guard and protect the rights and privileges of all, he desired that all might receive the benefits of its wise provisions as a common blessing."

☞The recent election in Ohio exhibits one of the most remarkable instances of change in popular sentiment ever witnessed. Only two years ago it gave President Pierce a plurality of 61,843—and its Congressional delegation consisted of 13 Democrats and only eight Whigs. Now, there is not a single Administration man in the Delegation, and the State has pronounced against the policy of President Pierce by a majority of 80,000.

Encouragement for the Desponding.—The Detroit Free Press represents the prospects of the Democracy in Michigan as very encouraging. So were the prospects in Ohio, Indiana, and Pennsylvania less than a month since. Time often brings sad realities to spoil the "pleasures of hope," and dissipate the bright fancies of the imagination. Our charitable nature would almost induce us to wish our Democratic friends an oasis in the desert, by way of offset to the dark sterilities which have lately afflicted their vision.

☞The Columbia Spy says that a man from *Adams County* was driving along the street in Columbia on Wednesday last, when his horses became frightened at a locomotive, ran off, and threw him from his wagon and dragged him some distance, lacerating his leg considerably. The knee cap was entirely severed from his leg, and the flesh much torn and mangled. Who was he?

☞Dr. Beale, the Dentist, of Philadelphia, indicted for an outrage on Miss Mudge, whilst the latter was under the influence of ether, was found guilty on Friday last. He has not yet received his sentence.

☞In the Legislative Assembly of Lower Canada, on Thursday, a stringent bill prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors, was passed on second reading by a vote of 95 to 5.

☞The "oyster panic" is shutting up all the shops and saloons at New York, of whose business that article is the staple. There are great losses in consequence.

☞The steamers George Law and Star of the West arrived at New York on Friday, with nearly two millions of gold from California.

They bring accounts of dreadful murders of overland emigrants by the Indians. The details are horrible.

☞There were upwards of 12,000 bushels of potatoes afloat in Boston harbor a few days from Nova Scotia. They are a drug in that market at 65 cents a bushel. Bring them along this way.

☞Howard College, at Marion, Alabama, was destroyed by fire on the 16th inst., and 22 boys were greatly injured by jumping from the windows. Two are reported to be dead.

Sad Affair.—Wm. West, an aged and esteemed citizen of Jefferson county, Va., shot his son-in-law, Jefferson Smith, dead, on Friday week. Smith, it is said, was intemperate, and treated his wife cruelly. She came to the house of her father, and was followed by Smith, with a gun, and having threatened to shoot West, attempted to break into the kitchen. Thereupon West fired, and Smith fell dead. Mr. W. surrendered himself, and was held for trial.

Death of an Aged Divine.—Rev. Samuel K. Jennings, M. D., aged 81 years, died at the residence of his son-in law, Dr. Owings, in Baltimore, on Thursday. He was one of the founders of the Methodist Protestant Church, in Baltimore, and for many years held one of the Professorships of Washington Medical College.

New Treaty with the Chippewas.—The Sault St. Marie Journal gives the particulars of a new and important treaty made with the Chippewa Indians. By this treaty an extensive tract of country, at the north-west extremity of Lake Superior, of about 7,000,000 acres, is acquired. The land is particularly valuable for its mineral stores, being thought to be rich in copper.

Carrier Pigeons and Foreign News.—The first telegraphic accounts of the foreign news by the steamship Africa, on Friday, were sent on shore by pigeons a distance of five miles outside of Sandy Hook, and thence to New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and other cities, and published an hour before the arrival of the steamer at her wharf.

The Governor of Utah.—The commission under which Brigham Young held the office of Governor of Utah, expired on the 29th ult., and as it is alleged that for the last two years he virtually refused to recognize the Government of the United States, having forwarded neither copies of the territorial laws nor the accounts of the expenditures of the public appropriations, it is apprehended by some that there will be a terrible commotion in "Mormon-dom," should he not be re-appointed. Young, himself, in an address to the Mormons in March last, said:

"We have got a territorial government, and *I am and will be the Governor, and no power can hinder it, until the Lord Almighty says*, 'BRIGHAM, YOU NEED NOT BE GOVERNOR ANY LONGER,' *and then I am willing to yield to another.*"

He goes on in the same address to declare that neither President Pierce nor any other President could remove him, and intimates pretty strongly that Judge Lynch would be in waiting for any one coming there under pretence of having authority to assume the office of Governor. This is pretty bold talk; but Brigham Young, like many others before him, will learn, should the President not deem it compatible with the public interest to appoint him, that the "laws must be obeyed" despite the braggadocio and united opposition of a few zealots.

Would not be Free.—The Chicago Times has a story of a gentleman from Missouri, stopping in that city, having with him a slave man. The anti-slavery folks hearing of the slave, tendered him the hospitality of a winter in Canada, and on his declining to leave his master, they proposed to make him free, whether he desired it or not. A crowd of about five hundred assembled for this purpose, but the negro proved stiff-necked, and mounted a store box, made a regular speech, in which he defined his position as against abolitionism, and the crowd left him "alone in his glory," free to be a slave.

Altered Notes.—Fifty dollar bills on the Mechanics' Bank of Philadelphia, which have been altered from $5's issued by the same Bank, are in circulation. The medallion at the top, the word five in the body of the note, and the figures on each end, have been neatly scraped, and the figure of $50 pasted thereon. The alteration is so well executed, that nine out of ten persons would be deceived. Look out for them.

☞Emigrants to Kansas are still flocking westward, notwithstanding the advanced state of the season. The fourth New-England party started from Worcester, on Tuesday. It is the largest which has yet gone out from thence, numbering nearly 200.—Another party of thirty-two from Maryland has passed through Alexandria for Nebraska, as the telegraph says, but no doubt for Kansas. At Culpepper, Virginia, they were to be joined by another party. Thus the Massachusetts organization seems to have stirred up a rivalry at the south.

Counterfeit Champagne.—A trial in New York has brought out some singular facts touching the manufacture of Newark cider into the choicest brands of champagne.—Empty champagne bottles are bought at the hotels and other places, the labels are ingeniously imitated, and the whole finishing and packing are in exact resemblance to the genuine article. The effervescence is given to the cider by forcing air into the bottles. The spurious champagne is sold in great quantities to the hotels and to dealers, and the quantity of it drank, it is said, greatly exceeds that of the genuine importation.

☞Iskender Bey, a colonel in the Turkish cavalry, of whom frequent mention is made in the present war, is described as being eighty-three years of age, of medium size but powerful frame.

Horrible Death.—We learn from the Columbus (Miss.) Democrat that the gin house belonging to Miss Swope, of that place, situated in Noxubee county, was burned lately, with twenty-five bales of cotton and seven slaves. The eighth one was so badly burned that he was expected to die.

Suicide Epidemic in Kentucky.—On the 10th instant, Mrs. Guill, residing near Ray's Fork, Scott county, Ky., about 20 years of age, hung herself to a tree and was found dead. On the 11th, a Mrs. Plunkett, of Grant county, about 40 years of age, and mother of nine children, hung herself to death; and on the same day a Miss Wiggles, of Harrison county, about 15 years old, shot herself with a rifle, causing a shocking but not immediately fatal wound. A young lady named Lozier, who had an interview with the unfortunate girl, just before her death, on the same evening hung herself to a tree, but was discovered and cut down in time to save her life.

☞Woman's Rights are something ahead in the Old Dominion. In Winchester, we see John Wysong informs the public that he has associated with him, in the mercantile business, his daughter Virginia, and that hereafter the business will be conducted under the name, style and firm of J. Wysong & Daughter.

☞Col. Charles A. Thompson, of Mexico, Juniata county, Pa., whilst driving round the circle in a sulkey at the Bloomfield Fair, was twice thrown from his sulkey and so much injured that he died in about three hours after. He leaves a wife and eight children to mourn his loss.

Caution in Eating Oysters.—We see in the notices of the sudden deaths of individuals that it is stated they die after eating oysters, of a disease resembling cholera.—The following statement concerning an alleged disease among the oysters may explain the cause of these sudden attacks:

"A Baltimore correspondent of the National Intelligencer writes that it is a singular fact, and one important to be generally known, that the oysters of these waters, thus far this season, have proved markedly deleterious to health. Persons have been taken violently ill after eating them, (raw especially,) with cramp, cholic, cholera morbus, &c., and in some instances death has ensued. Crabs, too, have produced similar results. An old and experienced fisherman states that, in his judgment, oysters and crabs this season are impure, unhealthy, possessed of some poisonous substance, and unsafe to be eaten."

Autobiography of Martin Van Buren.—Ex President Van Buren is sojourning at Vevay, Switzerland, and is earnestly at work upon his autobiography, in which he has already advanced some two or three hundred pages. It will not, however, be published until after his death, and that event, judging from his present appearance and condition, it is said will be many years hence. The New York Post says:

Mr. Van Buren has had a wider political experience and held more exalted public stations than have ever been held by any other person in this country since the formation of the government. He is the only person who has held its four highest offices—President, Vice-President, Secretary of State and Minister to England. He was also a United States Senator, Governor of the State of New York, Attorney-General of the State, State Senator, and Surrogate of the County of Columbia. With his book and Benton's complete, we think the old democratic party will stand a pretty fair chance with posterity.

Remarkable Case of Second Sight.—A New York letter mentions the following extraordinary incident, in connection with the loss of the Arctic:

A young gentleman, lately residing in this city, fell through a hatchway in his father's store some time last summer, and was severely injured, one side of his body becoming completely paralyzed, and after a while he entirely lost the faculty of speech. In this position he remained until the 27th ultimo, (about the time of the accident to the Arctic, on board which steamer it was known that the young man's father was a passenger,) when he suddenly started up in his sleep, and exclaimed, to the surprise of all present, "My father is drowning!" fell back upon his pillow and died. It was the first time he had spoken for months; it was the last forever.

The young man referred to was a son of Mr. G. G. Smith, of New York, who was lost in the Arctic.

Polygamy.—The Cleveland Plaindealer has a letter from James McKnight, a Mormon elder, with two wives, in which he defends polygamy, and says: "Our young ladies, accomplished and beautiful, often choose a man with ten or twenty, or forty wives, in preference to an attractive young gentleman who has not one; thus showing their good taste and regard for age and experience." Taste in Polygamous Utah, differs very essentially from taste in the civilized world. A Turk might believe a Mormon Elder, a Christian would scarcely credit his story.

☞A Woman's Rights National Convention was held in Philadelphia on Wednesday last. The usual ladies were present, and a few of kindred spirit among the men. Speeches were made and resolutions were passed in which the objects of the Convention were developed and the general success of the women's rights movement predicted. The leading objects aimed at by this and similar Conventions are expressed, summarily, in one of ten resolutions which were presented by the business committee, as follows:

Resolved, That we urge it upon the women of every American State, first, to petition the Legislatures for universal suffrage and a reform in the rights of property; second, to use their utmost efforts to improve female education; third, to open as rapidly as possible new channels for female industry.

☞The late venerated Dr. Sharp, (himself an Englishman,) was reported to have made the following remark, during his last and only visit to his native country, to some one who spoke slightingly of the statesmanship of America: "If you can point me to a succession of as talented and virtuous Sovereigns of England, as you find in the eleven men who have filled consecutively the Presidential chair of the United States, then I will yield." There was no reply to this.

Singular Case of Suffocation.—On Friday last, John Marshall, maltster at Dunlop's brewery, at Albany, N. Y., went up to the malt floors, and in penetrating too far, was suffocated by the smoke and gas, which ascended from the lower part of the building through the elevators.

Devoured by Hogs.—Near Kenosh, Wis., last week, a drunken man was literally devoured by hogs while lying in the road in a state of beastly intoxication. His bones and a few remnants of clothing only were found.

☞A riot in a colored church at St. Louis took place lately. It seems that the congregation were incensed at their pastor for habitually addressing to them all manner of offensive epithets, and on a given evening they all collected, armed with pistols, sticks, &c., and interrupted one of his harangues by a general riot. The next day the parson and a number of his flock were arrested.

PENNSYLVANIA—OFFICIAL.

GOVERNOR AND PROHIBITION.

	Governor.		Prohibition.	
	Bigler.	Pollock.	For.	Against
Adams,	2086	2124	1236	2584
Allegheny,	5115	10377	10032	4053
Armstrong,	1949	2689	2322	1711
Beaver,	1458	2233	1955	1089
Bedford,	2019	2157	1252	2364
Berks,	8493	5143	2612	10599
Blair,	1513	2706	2253	1143
Bucks,	5089	5498	3778	5879
Bradford,	2369	4811	4353	1672
Butler,	2381	2955	2301	2299
Cambria,	1739	1627	1292	1325
Carbon,	1227	1056	658	1072
Centre,	2113	2774	2438	1871
Chester,	4412	6544	5508	3830
Clarion,	2173	2015	2148	1567
Clearfield,	1448	1188	1235	872
Clinton,	935	1497	1141	730
Columbia,	2180	1399	1037	1933
Crawford,	2687	3696	2994	2135
Cumberland,	2587	3157	2326	3210
Dauphin,	2224	4061	2476	3448
Delaware,	1556	2292	1722	1595
Elk,	304	401	282	307
Erie,	2526	3657	2767	1501
Fayette,	2440	3488	3493	1407
Franklin,	2799	3579	2539	3241
Fulton,	876	705	426	832
Greene,	2006	1746	1186	1782
Huntingdon,	1500	2614	2169	1294
Indiana,	1264	3161	2368	1338
Jefferson,	988	1559	1385	1015
Juniata,	1176	1170	1140	909
Lancaster,	4699	10962	5536	8969
Lawrence,	994	2576	2359	737
Lebanon,	1751	2686	1091	2784
Lehigh,	3026	3094	776	4733
Luzerne,	4368	4884	4283	3265
Lycoming,	2269	2799	2309	1889
McKean,	502	405	415	481
Mercer,	2550	3094	2985	1846
Mifflin,	1287	1630	1398	982
Monroe,	1917	625	574	1718
Montgomery,	5559	5144	3819	5789
Montour,	976	757	773	735
Northampton,	3685	3417	1411	5093
Northumb'rl'd,	2182	2121	1524	2280
Perry,	1412	2121	1297	1939
Philadelphia,	24936	28817	25330	20570
Pike,	624	207	212	458
Potter,	656	748	613	550
Schuylkill,	5388	4252	2762	5658
Somerset,	1268	2756	1740	1642
Susquehanna,	2126	2819	2040	1525
Sullivan,	417	329	299	349
Tioga,	1489	2448	2041	1576
Union,	1013	2881	1440	2614
Venango,	1466	1679	1836	832
Warren,	1148	1400	1273	975
Washington,	3457	4276	4276	2572
Wayne,	1877	1408	1603	868
Westmoreld,	3803	3773	3346	3236
Wyoming,	893	1174	1191	339
York,	4707	4777	2336	5904
	167001	291008	158412	163510

☞The vote for Supreme Judge and Canal Commissioner will be given next week. We annex a recapitulation of the vote for the several State candidates:

GOVERNOR.

Pollock,	204,008
Bigler,	167,001
Pollock's maj.	37,007

SUPREME JUDGE.

Black,	167,010
Baird,	120,596
Smyser,	73,571

Black's maj. over Baird, 46,414; Baird and Smyser over Black, 27,154.

CANAL COMMISSIONER.

Mott,	274,074
Darsie,	83,331
Mott's maj.	190,743

PROHIBITION.

Against,	163,510
For,	158,342
Maj. against,	5,168

It will be observed that the vote on Prohibition is 49,157 less than that cast for Governor. So that although the returns present a nominal majority against Prohibition, the actual vote against it falls 21,995 short of a majority of the whole vote polled for Governor. In other words, out of 371,009 votes polled at the election, but 163,510 were cast against Prohibition.

☞*Price of Potatoes.*—At the various railroad stations in Massachusetts and Vermont, potatoes, it is said, are sold at the rate of 25, 33⅓, 37½ and 42 cents per bushel. It would be a good speculation for a company of persons to buy potatoes at the North, ship them, and sell them here at reasonable prices.

Consolidation of Railroads.—After quite a severe struggle it has been agreed to amalgamate the interests of the Baltimore and Susquehanna, and York and Cumberland, and Sunbury Railroads. By this act the companies are consolidated, and form one chain under the same management. The move is a good one, and must eventuate to the advantage of all concerned.

Death of Gov. Burt.—A telegraphic despatch from St. Louis announces the death of Francis Burt, Esq., Governor of the Territory of Nebraska, on the 18th inst., at Bellevue city, which place he had reached on the 6th. Mr. Burt had but lately resigned the Post of Third Auditor of the Treasury to accept the new honor in the new Territory.

☞A distressing casualty occurred at Port Sheldon (Mich.) on the 10th instant. As the Rev. Mr. Bolks, pastor of the Reformed Dutch at Grand Haven, was crossing a bridge, having his wife and three children in the carriage with him, his horse became frightened and backed off the bridge, where there was a depth of from eighteen to twenty feet of water. Mr. Bolks managed to save himself and wife, but the three children and horse were drowned.

A Bridge over the Mississippi.—The subject of a bridge over this great river at St. Louis is discussed in the newspapers.

ASSIGNEES' SALE.

WILL be sold at public sale, on the premises in Dickinson township, Cumberland county, 9 miles from Carlisle, on *Tuesday, the 31st day of October inst.*, all that valuable property known as the Cumberland Furnace Estate, viz:

No. 1. Cumberland Furnace,

with near two thousand acres of Mountain Land, together with the Mill, Saw-Mill, and a number of Tenant Houses; and, if not sold together it will be divided to suit purchasers.

No. 2. The Mansion Farm,

containing about 100 acres of first-rate gravel land with STONE HOUSE, large Stone Barn, excellent apple orchard, never failing water, &c.

No. 3. *"The Big Meadow,"* a tract of excellent Meadow land, containing about 90 acres.

No. 4.—*"The Peach Orchard Farm,"* containing about 170 Acres, with LOG HOUSE, and Barn, and about 30 acres under cultivation.

No. 5.—A Tract of land west of John Thrush, containing 111 acres.

No. 6.—A Tract of Land east of said Thrush, containing 100 acres.

No. 7.—*"The McKinney Farm,"* containing 120 acres, with good Log House, and land under cultivation.

No. 8.—A Tract of 50 acres of excellent timber, and suitable for farming purposes.

The above tracts are good tillable gravel land. The unimproved parts are covered with thriving oak, chestnut, and pine timber. The "Mountain land" has a thick growth of chestnut and pine, and if not sold with the furnace, will be sold in lots to suit farmers and others.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

D. W. McCULLOCH,
JOHN T. GREEN,
Assignees of T. C. Miller.

N. B. The title to all this property is indisputable.

Oct. 28. ts

DESIRABLE PROPERTY AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscribers, Administrators de bonis non, with the will annexed, of JOHN ARENDT, deceased, will expose to Public Sale,

On Wednesday the 1st of November next, at 12 o'clock, M., the following Real Estate of said deceased, viz.:

A Tract of Land,

containing 130 ACRES, more or less, situate in Arendtsville, Adams county. About 50 Acres are cleared. The improvements are a LARGE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Stabling, &c. Also,

Another Dwelling-house,

part brick and part weather boarded; a spring under the house; a brick BLACKSMITH SHOP; and an Orchard of all kinds of Fruit.

If not sold together, it will be sold in four parts.

The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

ANTHONY DEARDORFF,
JOHN ARENDT,
Admrs. de bonis non, of John Arendt, dec'd.

Sept. 18. ts

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will be exposed to Public Sale, on *Saturday the 4th day of November next,* at 12 o'clock, M., on the premises,

A Tract of Land,

containing 29 ACRES, more or less, of Patented Land, late the Estate of HENRY HINERD, deceased, situated in Latimore township, Adams county, near Wolford's Mill, about 2 miles south-east of York Springs, adjoining lands of John Tudor, George Eliker, Alexander Power, and others. The improvements are a one and a half story HOUSE, part log and part stone, a small Barn, and other Out-buildings; a first-rate ORCHARD, of all kinds of Fruit; two fine springs of water; and as good a STONE QUARRY as any in the County. There are about 8 acres of Timber land, and 5 or 6 first quality Meadow. The land is in good cultivation.

Attendance will be given, and terms made known by DAVID P. HINERD, *Adm'r.*

By the Court—EDEN MORRIS, Clerk.

Oct. 2. ts

FARM FOR SALE.

WILL be offered at Public Sale, on *Saturday the 4th day of November next,* at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,

A FARM,

situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, 1½ miles from Gettysburg, on the Emmitsburg road, adjoining lands of Jacob Benner, Joseph Sherly, George Weikert and others, containing

142 ACRES,

more or less, of PATENTED LAND. About 110 Acres are cleared, of which 30 Acres are Meadow—the remainder in good Timber. The improvements are a NEW FRAME HOUSE, a large Brick Bank Barn, with a Corn-crib and Wagon-shed attached to it; a Spring-house, and a Smoke-house, of brick; an Apple ORCHARD, of different varieties of Fruit; a well of water at the barn, and one at the house, with a pump in it. There have been upwards of 2,000 bushels of lime put on the farm.

Any person desirous of purchasing, will be shown the same by Abraham Trostle, residing thereon.

The terms will be made known on the day of sale, and attendance given by

PETER TROSTLE.

Oct. 16. td

HUNTERSTOWN ACADEMY.

THE Winter Session of this Institution commences on the *last Monday of October.* Rates of Tuition are $8, $6 $11, and $13, according to the branches studied.

Instruction is given in Double-Entry Book-keeping, and Surveying, with Field practice, for which there is an additional charge of $5.

Boarding can be had in private families, or with the Principal, at reasonable rates.

S. S. MERCER, *Principal.*

Hunterstown, Oct. 9. 4t

For the Ladies.

ALL the latest and most fashionable styles of SHOES, GAITERS and SLIPPERS. Warranted, well made, at

June 8.) KELLER KURTZ'S.

LADIES are invited to call and see the finest article of DRESS SHOE that has ever been in this market.

April 25 W. W. PAXTON.

QUEENSWARE. I have just received a large lot of Queensware, which I will sell cheap. Call and see.

A. ARNOLD.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the Counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district, and SAMUEL R. RUSSELL and JOHN M'GINLY, Esqrs., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 23d day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on *Monday the 20th of November next*—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said county of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

JOHN SCOTT, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 9, 1854.

Jurors for November Court.

GRAND JURY.

Mountpleasant—George Hagerman.
Reading—William Jones, Peter Moritz, John L. Bronizer.
Hamiltonban—Wm. Douglass Thomas Newman.
Borough—Henry Clippinger, Michael Newman, Joseph Martin, Henry Christman, Henry Comfort.
Cumberland—David Heagy.
Straban—Wm. Vanorsdel.
Hamilton—George Schwartz.
Liberty—Jacob Krise, Abraham Krise, Eli R. A. Moore.
Franklin—Frederick Stockslager, Frederick Biehl, Joseph Mickley.
Freedom—Andrew White.
Union—Jacob Sterner.
Huntington—James H. Neely.
Latimore—Abraham Livingston.

GENERAL JURY.

Latimore—Cyrus Beales, David Johnson, Jacob Myers.
Liberty—Emanuel Overholtzer, James Bowey, Edward McIntire.
Straban—Joseph Lens, John K. M'Ilheny.
Franklin—Hezekiah Latshaw, Solomon Hartman, James Ewing.
Germany—Henry Spalding, Joseph O. Thomas, Alfred Starr.
Huntington—Joseph Taylor, Warren Townsend, Jacob Meals, John R. Sadler.
Hamiltonban—John Bennett, Samuel Knox.
Menallen—John Weigle, Jr.
Mountjoy—Joseph Fink, Francis Allison, David Zuck.
Union—Jacob Lohr, Jacob Marshall.
Berwick—John Elder.
Reading—John Picking, Samuel B. Patterson, David Newcomer.
Mountpleasant—David Weaver, Joseph Coslan.
Reading—John Laydon.
Freedom—Joseph Witherspoon.
Borough—Wm. Shillen, Wm. Stallsmith.

Oct. 23.

HEAR THE RETURNS!

WE are pleased to announce to our many friends and customers that we are prepared to offer the CHOICEST ASSORTMENT OF GOODS ever opened in the County. We have been enabled to purchase our Fall Stock at such prices as have never before been heard of, and we challenge the County to produce a larger and more general assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

or at as low a price as we offer them to the public. For quality and cheapness, we assert that our present stock cannot be equalled in the County, and to prove our assertion we invite the people to come and judge for themselves—confident that their verdict will sustain us in our efforts to furnish them with the

Cheapest and best Goods.

Cobourgs of all colors, French Merinos, (cheaper than ever known) Bebage Alpacca, Mous delaine, Cashmere, Alpacca, Mohair Lustre, Brocade, cheapest Black Silks ever offered. Ginghams, Chambra Shawls, square and long Bay State, Broche, Cashmere; Dress Trimmings, Needle Work, Swiss and Jaconett, Edgeing and Insertion, Flouncing, French Worked Collars, Bonnet Ribbons.

FOR GENTLEMEN—We have a choice assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS,

Over Coating, Cassinets, &c. Come early and select your goods—look before you buy elsewhere. Don't forget the Store at the Sign of the Red Front.

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

Oct. 16. tf

Look to Your Interest!

THE undersigned has just returned from Philadelphia with a large and fashionable stock of Goods, which he will dispose of at very reduced prices to all who may favor him with a call. His assortment consists of the following:

Shawls,	Flannels,
Plaid Silks,	Muslins,
F. Merinoes,	Linen,
M. Delaines,	Blankets,
Wool Plaids,	Quilts,
Deleges,	Cloths,
Cashmeres,	Cassimets,
Persian Cloths,	Satinets,
Calicoes,	Collars,
Ginghams,	Handkerchiefs,
Ribbons,	Veils, &c.

Also, a lot of Groceries and Queensware, which were bought low and will be sold low for Cash or country produce. To punctual customers a credit of six months.

J. S. GRAMMER.

Oct. 16. tf

OPENING OF FASHIONS.

KELLER KURTZ

Has opened his Fall styles for Gentlemen's

HATS & CAPS,

ALSO,

Men's, Boys', Youth's, Ladies', Misses' & Childs' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Ties, and Slippers.

Sept. 5.

FASHIONABLE CRAVATS—*Stevenson* has just received the largest assortment of beautiful CRAVATS, of the latest styles, which he will sell cheaper than any other establishment in town. Dec. 7.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS. The gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, as I cannot be undersold, before purchasing, as I cannot be undersold.

April 8. A. ARNOLD.

IRISH LINENS, Diapers, Tickings, Flannels, Table Cloths, Towelling, and Drillings—a large variety—for sale at

April 10. SCHICK'S.

NEW GOODS.

GEO. ARNOLD

HAS just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore as large a stock of *NEW GOODS* as has ever been brought to this place, among which are

Cheap Cloths, Cassimers, Coatings,

Cassinets, Flannels, Blankets, Cords, Jeans, Ready Made Clothing, Domestics, and every variety of Goods for Mens' wear, also Debage, Alpaca Debage, M. Delaines, Alpaccas, Plain and Plaid Poplins, Worsted Plaids, Persian Parametts and Coburg Cloth, English and French Merinoes, Ginghams, Calicoes, Silks, Satins, Lace, Fringe, Bonnet Silks, Satins, Moles & Velvets, Trimmings, a great variety, &c., &c. The Ladies' attention particularly is invited. Also a large stock of FRESH GROCERIES.

Queensware, Hardware, &c.

Being determined not to be undersold, we pledge ourselves to sell any and every article as cheap as they can be had at any establishment in this place.

Oct. 9. tf

Let the Facts be Known!

THAT ABR'M ARNOLD has just returned from the Eastern Cities, with the largest and best selected stock of Goods for Men and Boys' wear ever before offered, which he is now making up, at the *Old Stand*, where he invites all who wish to purchase CLOTHING made of GOOD MATERIAL, and by good workmen, to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is determined to undersell any Clothing Store or Slop Shop in the Town or County.

Having secured the services of one of the best CUTTERS in the country, he is prepared to make up Clothing at the shortest notice and in the best style. His motto is, "Quick Sales and Small Profits." Oct. 2.

Boots, Shoes, & Hats.

THE undersigned has enlarged his Store room, and has added to his present business, BOOTS, SHOES, & HATS, such as first-rate fine Moleskin, Kossuth, Hungarian, Lady Franklin, Stiff Brim, soft and hard tops, (latest style) Brush, Manilla, Palm, &c. Buff, Calf and Kip Boots, Black and Bronze top Monterey's, Goat and Calf Monroe Shoes, all of which he has bought for cash, and will sell very cheap. I respectfully invite my friends and customers to examine my stock before purchasing.

MARCUS SAMSON.

May 9. tf

Clothing! Clothing!

I have now on hand, and am constantly making up, a fine assortment of SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING, which I will sell low. Call and see, for you will find good and substantial work and goods—no "slop-shop" work.

April 3. AB'M ARNOLD.

HYGEANA.

Brought Home to the Door of the Million.

A Wonderful discovery has been recently made by Dr. Curtis, of this city, in the treatment of Consumption, Asthma, and all diseases of the Lungs. We refer to "Dr. Curtis' Hygeana, or Inhaling Hygean Vapor and Cherry Syrup." With this new method Dr. C. has restored many afflicted ones to perfect health; as an evidence of which he has innumerable certificates. Speaking of the treatment, a physician remarks: It is evident that inhaling—constantly breathing an agreeable, healthy vapor, the medicinal properties must come in direct contact with the whole of the aerial cavity of the lungs, and thus escape the many and varied changes produced upon them when introduced into the stomach, and subjected to the process of digestion. The Hygeana is for sale at the druggists throughout the country.—*New York Dutchman.*

The Inhaler is worn on the breast under the linen without the least inconvenience—the heat of the body being sufficient to evaporate the fluid.

Hundreds of cases of cures like the following might be named. One Package of Hygeana has cured me of the ASTHMA of six years standing.

Jas. P. Kreisberg, P. M. of Duncannon, Pa.

I am cured of the ASTHMA of ten years standing by Dr. Curtis' Hygeana.

Margaret Easton, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mrs. Paul, of No. 5 Mammond St., N. Y., has received a severe case of Bronchitis by the Hygeana.

My sister has been cured of a distressing cough of several years standing, and decided to be incurable by her Physicians. She was cured in one month by the Hygeana.

J. H. Gaubert, P. M., Richmond, Me.

Price three Dollars a Package.—Sold by CURTIS & PERKINS & BOYD & PAUL, No. 149 Chambers street, N. Y.—4 Packages sent free by express to any part of the United States for Ten Dollars.

N. B.—Dr. Curtis' Hygeana is the original and only genuine article, all others are base imitations or vile or injurious counterfeits.—Shun them as you would Poison.

New York, Sept. 18. 1y

THE GREAT REMEDY,

ABOUT which so much has been said and published, is among us. Who has not heard of the MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT? Many millions of bottles have been sold and used to cure Rheumatism, Fleers, Sores, Bruises, Sprains, Ring-worm, Felons, Salt Rheum, Piles, Sore Nipples, and Caked Breasts, Cancers, Itch, Corns on the Toes, Sore Eyes, Ear-ache, Pimples, Swollen Joints or Limbs, Cuts, Scalds, or Scald Head, Numb Palsey, Bunions, or Frosted Feet, Warts, or any other complaint that can be reached by an external remedy. And it has always been successful. It is equally good in healing Wounds, Scratches, Saddle or Harness Galls, or any Sprain, Soreness or Stiffness. And it is warranted to cure Spavin, Ringbone, Spint or Pull Evil, on Horses.

The Liniment is put up in three sizes, and retails at 25 cents, 50 cents, and $1. The large bottles contain much more Liniment in proportion to the prices, and are therefore cheapest.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

Every store should be supplied with this valuable LINIMENT, as it pays a good profit and sells rapidly. G. W. WESTBROOK, (Successor to H. G. Bevan & Co.,) Original and sole Proprietor.

Principal Offices, 204 Broadway, New York, and corner 3d and Market Streets, St. Louis, Missouri.

Sold by every dealer in drugs and Medicine throughout the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and Bermuda Islands.

For sale in Gettysburg, by S. S. Forney; Petersburg, J. Boddemeyer; Hoffelstown, B. W. Riley; Fairfield, J. Brinkerhoff; Abbottstown, D. E. Hollinger; Bendersville, Abel T. Wright; Cashtown, J. Mark.

July 3. 1y

WINDOW BLINDS!—A new assortment of Window Blinds, Imitation of Oil Blinds, just arrived at the well-known Store of

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

PERFUMERY, of all kinds, will be found at SCHICK'S.

BONNETS, Ribbons, and Flowers, a large and splendid assortment, the best ever before purchasing, as I cannot be undersold.

April 8. A. ARNOLD.

GLOVES and STOCKINGS, all sizes and colors, at SCHICK'S.

COME and Come all! to see Goods cheap. Goods just received at

A. ARNOLD.

E. C. CANFIELD, W. H. CANFIELD, J. H. MEREDITH

CANFIELD, BRO., & CO.,

229 Baltimore Street, Corner of Charles,

WHOLESALE Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in WATCHES, *Jewelry*, Military and Fancy Goods, Silver and Plated Ware, Revolving Pistols, Rifles, Cutlery, &c., &c., have received from all parts of the world, the largest and greatest variety of rich, rare and curious articles ever imported into this city, many of which are truly elegant. We name a few of the leading articles:—*Watches*, of superior quality, from London, Liverpool, Geneva and Copenhagen; *Gold Chains* and Chatelaines, set with diamonds, pearls, rubies, &c.; Paris and Geneva *Jewelry*, of the newest styles—consisting of full suits, and single pieces, of enameled, pearl, rubies, carbuncle, coral, &c., superb jewelry from Vienna, entirely new; London and American jewelry in great variety; diamond articles, such as bracelets, earrings, brooches, finger rings, scarf pins, studs, &c., some of which are set in pure California gold, and manufactured on our premises by first class workmen; premium Silver Ware; a choice collection of articles, viz.: Pitchers, cake baskets, tea caddies, napkin rings, salt cellars, coffee and tea sets, tea kettles, card stands, ink stands, vases, sugar boxes, dessert knives, spoons and forks, vegetable, salad, asparagus, ice and sugar tongs, cake, pie, ice cream, pudding, fish and butter knives, goblets, cups, tumblers, money boxes, waiters, cracker spoons, oyster ladles, pickle knives and forks, of sterling silver; Sheffield and Birmingham plated goods; albata spoons, forks, ladles, castors, cake baskets, splendid mantel clocks from Paris; bronzes from Paris and Berlin, Dresden China goods, rich and large size vases, Parian marble goods, new patterns, papier mache goods, fancy goods, viz: opera glasses, port folios, writing desks, work boxes, segar cases, snuff boxes, splendid fans, tortoise shell combs, port monnaies, card cases, gold thimbles, tooth picks, solid silver mounted dressing cases, needle cases, bobbin holders, ladies' companions, and an endless variety of articles, which are now opened, and offered at prices which cannot but give entire satisfaction. All articles from our establishment are guaranteed as represented, or the money returned.

CANFIELD, BRO., & CO.,
Sign of the Golden Eagle, Baltimore.

April 24. 1y

Colored Window Glass.

W. MOWBRAY & CO.,

Southwest Corner of Tenth & Hunter streets,

WOULD respectfully invite the attention of Merchants, Builders, and others to the beautiful variety of work produced at their establishment, consisting of STAINED WINDOW GLASS, suitable for Hotels, Saloons, public and private buildings: Church Ornamental Stained Glass: TRANSOMS & SIDE LIGHTS for Vestibules, Balcony, Piazza and Staircase Windows; also, Lead Sash and Stained Glass for Churches, Scriptural Figures and Altar pieces, accurately worked up to order, and furnished in any part of the U. States.

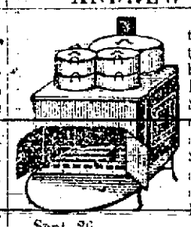
Fluted, enameled and mottled decorative Church Window Glass executed in Gothic and other architectural styles, and competent workmen sent to any part of the Union. Orders from a distance promptly answered.

N. B. An Agent wanted for Gettysburg.

Philadelphia, July 17. 3m

Stoves! Stoves!

ANDREW POLLEY



WISHES to inform the Public that he has the handsomest and largest lot of PARLOR and COOKING STOVES that has ever been in this market, and will sell Cooking Stoves as low as $20 a piece. Also on hand a large lot of COPPER KETTLES.

Sept. 26. tf

New and Valuable

LAW LIBRARY.

Purdon's Digest, new edition, from 1700 to 1853, in one volume. Price	$5 00
Roberts' Digest, "	1 50
Binns' Justice, "	4 00
Grattan's Forms, "	3 50

The attention of Attornies, Magistrates, and Citizens is directed to the above valuable series of books. Call and examine at KELLER KURTZ'S Bookstore.

Jan. 23. tf

TELL your Friends and Neighbors, and come yourselves, and see the very large and fine assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, that has just been received by

April 25. W. W. PAXTON.

HARDWARE.

A large addition to our stock of Hardware, Carriage Trimmings, &c. has been made, and those in want of any article in that line, should not fail to examine our Stock. We pledge ourselves to sell cheaper than the cheapest. Come to FAHNESTOCK'S.

Ladies Dress Goods.

OF every style—black Alpaccas 10 to 12½ cts.; Cashmere 12½; Delages from 15 to 37½ cts.; Cullions, from 5 to 12½ cts.; and lins from 5 to 18¾; and everything else in proportion, at the New Store of J. S. GRAMMER.

Stoves! Stoves!!

ON hand, and for sale, a great variety of COOK STOVES, very cheap. Call and see them.

Sept. 4. GEO. ARNOLD

SUB-SOIL PLOUGHS,

OF the best quality, always on hand, and for sale, in Gettysburg, at the Foundry of

April 10. T. WARREN.

BONNET Velvets, Satins and Silks, very low, at GRAMMER'S.

DO you want CHEAP GROCERIES?—Go to FAHNESTOCK'S.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.—Ladies who are in want of a splendid assortment of Dress Goods, will find it to their advantage by calling on the undersigned, and examining his goods before purchasing. A. ARNOLD.

CARPET BAGS.—You will find a very large assortment of Carpet Bags at SAMSON'S One-price Store. They were bought at Auction, and will be sold cheaper than any other establishment dare to sell them.

LUTHERAN HYMN BOOKS.—A very large assortment of Lutheran Hymn Books, bound in every style of binding, just received at the cheap Bookstore of

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

TRUNKS.—A general assortment of Trunks for sale very cheap at SAMSON'S.

CHILDREN'S SHOES, the best assortment in town, at KELLER'S.

VIOLINS & ACCORDIONS.—Dealers or those going to purchase of the above articles, I will sell them very low.

April 18 MARCUS SAMSON.

TIMBER-LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber has still a few more Lots of TIMBER LAND for sale, which will be disposed of reasonably. For information apply to J. D. PAXTON.

Gettysburg, May 15. tf

☞ Also for sale, a lot of LOCUST POSTS.

NOW IS THE TIME!

S. WEAVER respectfully announces to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he has resumed the Daguerreotype business, at the old stand, in Chambersburg street, where he will be happy to receive visitors desirous of securing perfect Daguerreotypes of themselves or friends.

Being furnished with an entire new and costly apparatus, he is prepared to take pictures in every style of the art and insure perfect satisfaction.

☞ Charges from 75 cts to $10.

☞ Hours of operating from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

☞ In dress avoid light, red, blue, or purple. Dark dress adds much to the beauty of the picture.

Aug. 21. tf

TAILORING.

J. H. SKELLY respectfully informs his old customers and the public generally, that he continues the TAILORING BUSINESS, at his old stand, in South Baltimore street, where he will be happy to accommodate all who may patronize him. All work entrusted to his care warranted to fit and be of most substantial make. Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage.

☞ *The New York Spring and Summer FASHIONS* are received. Call and see them.

May 8. tf

NOTICE.

Estate of Joseph Harman, deceased.

LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of JOSEPH HARMAN, late of Strabantownship, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all those indebted to said Estate to call and make payment; and those having claims are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

SAMUEL HARMAN, *Ex'r.*

Oct. 9. 6t

NOTICE.

Estate of Ludwig King, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration, de bonis non, on the estate of LUDWIG KING, late of Germany township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to call and settle the same; and those who have claims, to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

LEVI BISHOP, *Adm'r de bonis non.*

Oct. 2. 6t

To the Public.

THE Subscriber desires to call the attention of the Citizens of Adams County, to his extensive stock of

Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Porte Monnaies, Perfumery, Brushes, Combs, &c.—also, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps,

which for variety and cheapness, he defies all competition in this or any of the neighboring Counties. ☞ Call and see, at the South East Corner of Centre Square.

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

GENTLEMEN are invited to call and see a beautiful BEAVER HAT, also Silk, Cuban, Kossuth, Citizens', Braid, and Panama Hats for summer. W. W. PAXTON.

Queensware and Groceries.

A. ARNOLD is now receiving a large lot of Queensware and Groceries, which he will sell low. Call and see. Oct. 2.

WALL PAPER.

Over 10,000 Piece in Store!

FROM 6 Cents per piece and upwards, including fine Satins, Gold, Velvets, imitation of Woods, Marbles, &c.

ALSO, a great variety of new styles of Curtain Papers, Fire Board Prints, Borders, &c., all of which will certainly be sold at the very lowest cash prices. Call and see, at the cheap Bookstore of KELLER KURTZ.

June 6. tf

2,000 LADIES

ARE willing to certify that the HATHAWAY COOKING-STOVE is the very best Stove now in use, inasmuch as it will do more Cooking, Roasting and Baking, and do it with less labor, and last as long again as any other Stove now sold. These celebrated Stoves are constantly kept for sale, at a very reduced price, at the

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,

where the subscriber, feeling determined to suit all persons, has also the Parlor, Sexton's Baltimore Air-tight, Peakskill, and Cabinet Cook Stove, and Air-tight and Tin-plate Parlor Stoves of the most beautiful patterns.

The Seyler Ploughs,

which cannot be surpassed for lightness of draught, or in the character of their work, are constantly on hand for sale; and in view of the fact that the Mouldboard of these Ploughs is one fourth heavier than that of other Ploughs, it is decidedly the cheapest that can be obtained here.

☞ WITHEROW PLOUGHS and others, Castings for the Woodpeck Plough, Windmill machinery, Castings and Hollow Ware, with every article usually made at Foundries, can be obtained here.

☞ BLACKSMITHING as usual.

T. WARREN.

Dec. 15. tf

FRENCH TRUSSES,

WEIGHING LESS THAN 2½ OUNCES.

For the Cure of Hernia or Rupture.

ACKNOWLEDGED by the highest medical authorities of Philadelphia, incomparably superior to any other in use. Sufferers will be gratified to learn that the occasion now offers to procure not only the lightest and most easy, but as durable a Truss as any other, in lieu of the cumbrous and uncomfortable article usually sold. There is no difficulty attending the fitting, and when the pad is located, it will retain its position without change.

Persons at a distance unable to call on the subscriber, can have the Truss sent to any address, by remitting *Five Dollars* for the single Truss, or *Ten* for the double—with measure round the hips, and stating side affected. It will be exchanged to suit if not fitting, by returning it at once, unsoiled.

For sale only by the Inventor,

CALEB H. NEEDLES,
Corner Twelfth & Buttonwood, Philadelphia.

☞ Ladies, requiring the benefit of Mechanical Supporter, owing to derangement of the Internal Organs, including Falling of the Womb, Uterine, Pulmonary, Dyspeptic, Nervous and Spinal Weakness, are informed that a competent and experienced Lady will be in attendance at the Rooms, expressly for their examination, No. 111, Tenth st., eight door below Race.

June 23 1y

Fixed up in the New! Come and See us!

Read all this, and say whether it is not right.

NEW STYLE OF BUSINESS ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE, "QUICK SALES, AND SHORT PROFITS."

THE subscriber has just returned from the City with a very large and fine assortment of

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes,

of every description and fashion, which he will sell on good terms, for Cash or its equivalent.

I have done a heavy Credit Business for nearly 24 years, and the consequence has been a heavy loss on sales. I now intend to devote my whole time to my Store, and keep a large assortment of HATS and SHOES, and sell them as cheap as any body else can, for Cash or its equivalent, payment in a short time, and for Country Produce punctually delivered when wanted—and entirely destroy the old habit of long credit. By this plan I can keep up my Stock, and sell Goods on better terms. Come and see the Goods and judge for yourselves.

Gentlemen's and Ladies' Gaiters, Buskins, Jenny Linds, Oxford Ties, &c., and Children's Shoes, always on hand.

Boots and Shoes made to order whenever required.

Philadelphia make of Silk Hats, Citizens', Cuban, Know Nothing, Wide Awake, Kossuth, and old men's Fur and Wool Hats, together with men's, boys' and children's Hats and Caps, of all kinds and sizes.

W. W. PAXTON.

Gettysburg, Oct. 9. tf

MONEY LOST!

IT is an established fact, that many persons lost money, by not purchasing Goods at the well known CHEAP STORE of Abram Arnold, at his old stand, on the South East corner of the Diamond, where he is now receiving the cheapest, prettiest and best selected Stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

ever before offered to the citizens of Adams county, consisting in part—as follows:

Black, Blue, and Brown French Cloths, Fancy, Felt, and Beaver Cloths for Over Coats, (Newest Styles,) Black and Fancy Cassimers, Tweeds, Jeans, Cassinetts, &c., &c., for Men's wear. Silks, Mous de Laine, Alpacas, Merinoes, Plain and Fancy Sack Flannels, also a beautiful assortment of Satins and Silks for Bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons, and a great variety of other articles, all of which the public are respectfully requested to call and examine for themselves, believing that it is only necessary to see our goods, price them, and examine, to induce persons to purchase. A large lot of Trunks also received, which will be sold low.

AB'M ARNOLD.

Oct. 2. tf

NEW GOODS.

MARCUS SAMSON

HAS opened and is now selling rapidly at his Store in York Street, opposite the Bank, a very large, choice and cheap assortment of SUMMER GOODS, to which he invites the attention of the public. They have been selected with great care in the Eastern cities, have been bought cheap for cash, and will be sold cheap for cash—*cheaper than any other establishment in Gettysburg.* His stock consists in part of Black, Blue, Olive, and Green CLOTH COATS, with frock, dress, and sack Coats; also Tweed, Cashmeret, Indian Cloth, Linen Lustre, Check, Gingham, Sea Grass, Duck and Summer Cloth Coats; also a superior stock of PANTALOONS, consisting in part of excellent and well made French Black Doeskin, Cassimere, Fancy Cassimere, Satinetts, Velvets, Cord, Linen and Cottonade. The stock of VESTS comprises a very variety of manufacture—fine black Satin, Silk, Velvet, Italian Silk, white fancy and buff Marseilles, Summer Cloth, &c.

Fly Nets! Fly Nets!

of a good quality, excellent manufacture, and offered at low prices. I have already disposed of a large number of these articles and always to the satisfaction of purchasers. Also on hand a large lot of TRUNKS, Hats, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Boots and Shoes, Window Shades, Violins, Accordions, Guitars, Flutes, Fifes, Melodeons, Mirrors, Razors, Spectacles, Spoons, Watches and Watch Guards, silk and cotton Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Suspenders, Gloves, Stockings, Spring Stocks, Shirts, and Shirt Collars, and a splendid assortment of JEWELRY—in fact everything in the way of Boy's and Men's furnishing line.

☞ First-rate chewing Tobacco always on hand—a rare article which chewers are requested to try. MARCUS SAMSON.

July 3. tf

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of David Ziegler, Gettysburg, in which they are opening a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel,

GROCERIES,

CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS'

Springs, Axles, Saddlery.

CEDAR WARE, SHOE FINDINGS,

Paints, Oils, & Dye-Stuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business; to which they invite the attention of Coachmakers, Saddlers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoemakers, and the public generally.

Our stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, we guarantee, (for the ready money) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased any where.

☞ We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices, and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, June 9. tf

Fresh Burning Fluid.

OF a very superior quality, just received, to which we invite the attention of those who desire a brilliant light, only second to that obtained from the use of Gas.

Also on hand, a fine assortment of FLUID LAMPS. If you want cheap Goods of any description, call at FAHNESTOCK'S.

Sign of the Red Front.

Feb. 13. tf

BEAUTIFULLY

ILLUSTRATED WORKS,

In Splendid Bindings,

New and Attractive Juveniles,

FANCY GOODS,

in great variety—for sale by

Dec. 19. KELLER KURTZ.

HAIR BRUSHES, a desirable article to be had always at SCHICK'S.

PARASOLS, Parachutes, and Fans, new style and cheap, at SCHICK'S.

Professional Cards.

JAMES G. REED,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE late of Hon. D. M. Smyser, on Baltimore street, third door from the Diamond.

April 12. tf

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE, on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the "Sentinel" Office.

Dec. 23. tf

DAVID WILLS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS taken Mr. Stevenson's Office, North West Corner of Centre Square.

Reference.—Hon. T. Stevens, Lancaster.

Jan. 2. tf

D. M'CONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

(Office removed to one door west of Buehler's Drug & Book-Store, Chambersburg street.)

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR

For Pensions and Patents,

Bounty Land Warrants, Back-Pay Suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States; and Agents engaged locating Warrants there.

☞ Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 7. tf

Law Partnership.

THE undersigned, have associated themselves as Partners in the practice of the Law. Their Office is in the room long occupied by the senior partner, where one or both of the Firm can at all times be consulted.

☞ The business of *Conveyancing*, in all its branches, will be attended to with promptness, neatness and accuracy.

MOSES M'LEAN,
WM. M'LEAN.

Gettysburg, May 1. 3m

W. A. M'GINLEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE in the Southwest Corner of the Square, formerly occupied by D. M'Conaughy, Esq., will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

May 15.

R. HERVEY. J. P. CLARKSON.

HERVEY & CLARKSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,

Office No. 44 Clark street, CHICAGO, Ill.

COMMISSIONERS for the States of Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Michigan, Wisconsin and Florida. Agents for the purchase and sale of Real Estate, and Conveyancers. Titles examined, and Abstracts prepared with care and promptness. Collections made.

Aug. 15. 1y

JOHN F. CLARK,

Agent for Procuring Patents,

Corner of E & 8th streets, near the Patent Office, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Specifications and Drawings prepared. Particular attention paid Rejected Applications.

Nov. 29. tf

DO